

## INTRODUCTION

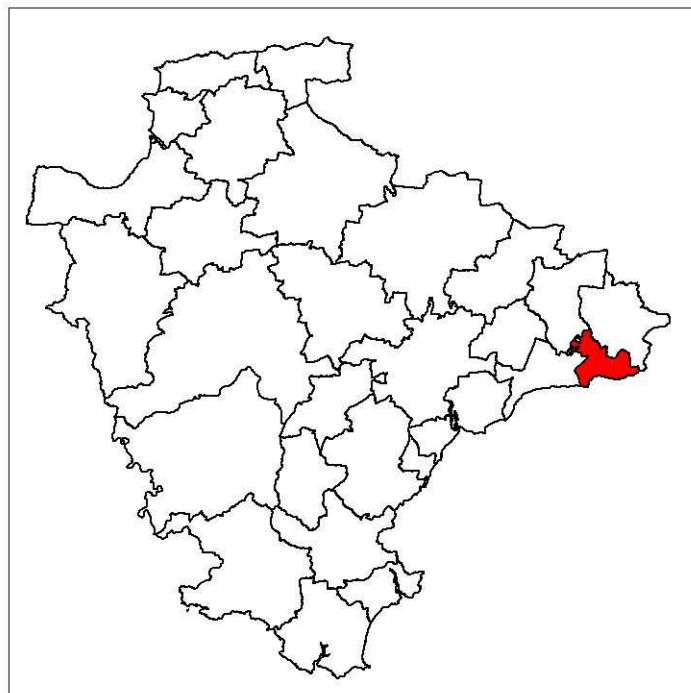
This is the Devon Joint Strategic Needs Assessment for the Seaton area, which also encompasses the surrounding rural parishes.

The aim of the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment is to collaboratively identify current and future health and well being needs and inform future service planning and delivery. The purpose of this town profile is to provide a detailed assessment of current need and service activity at a local level. This profile looks at the health and social care needs of the town and its rural surroundings and other smaller surrounding settlements.

Data for this report was gathered and collated by the NHS Devon information teams, and the Devon County Council Adult and Community Service and Children and Young Peoples Service and Strategic Intelligence teams.

A glossary is available providing detailed definitions and background information for the measures in this report:

[http://www.infopoint.devonpct.nhs.uk/Library/Public\\_Health\\_Commissioning/JSNA\\_2009\\_Glossary\\_Devon.pdf](http://www.infopoint.devonpct.nhs.uk/Library/Public_Health_Commissioning/JSNA_2009_Glossary_Devon.pdf)



## FEEDBACK

Any feedback or questions concerning the information in this report would be gratefully received. We would be keen to receive feedback on whether you recognise the community as described in the profile, is any key information is missing or any local priorities or issues you wish to identify.

Please contact [d-pc.strategicreview@nhs.net](mailto:d-pc.strategicreview@nhs.net) with any comments or questions.

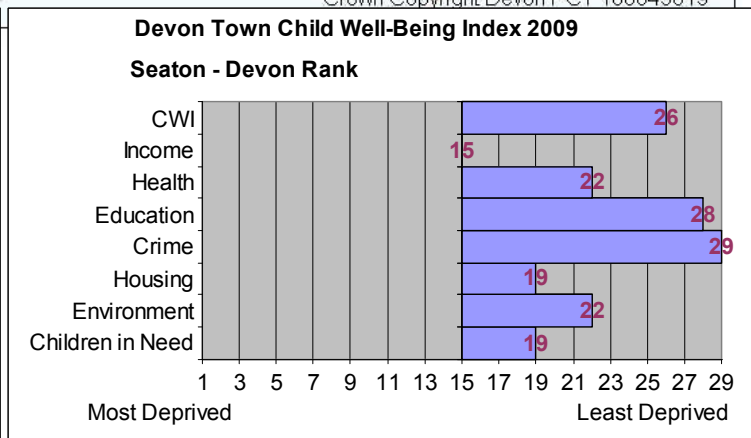
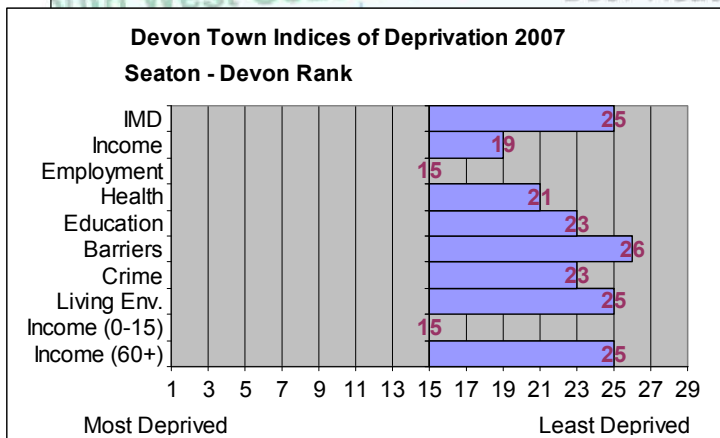
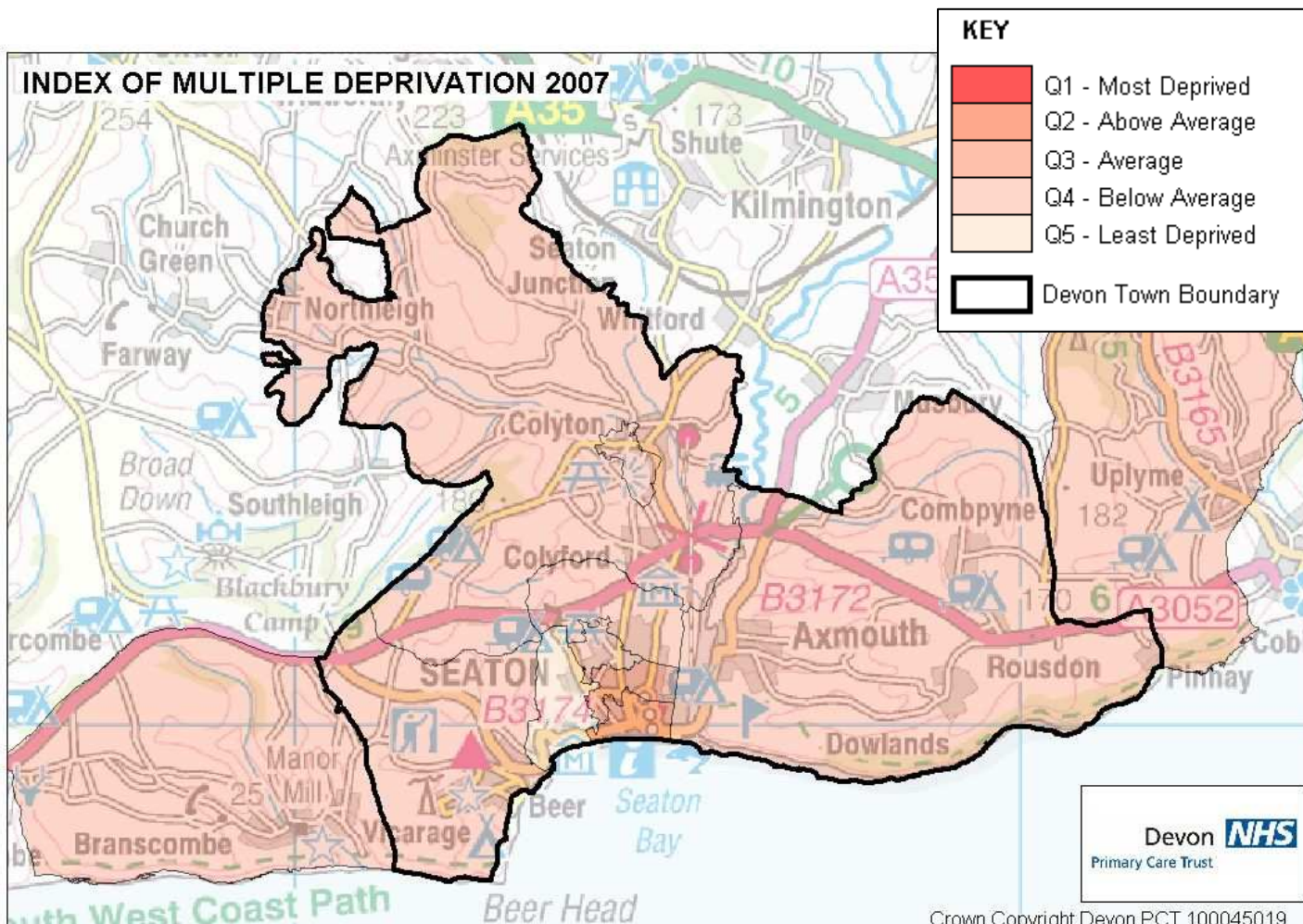
## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- Overall deprivation well below the Devon average, although with slightly higher deprivation in the urban centre compared with the rural hinterland.
- The population of Seaton is predicted to increase by 932 people between 2006 and 2021 – a rise of 7.4%. The largest change is predicted to be in the 70 to 74 age group with an increase of 45.2%
- The birth rate is well below the Devon average, although rates are slightly higher in the urban centre.
- Life expectancy is above the Devon average, with the longest average life expectancy in rural areas.
- The Seaton area has the highest GCSE performance in Devon, with over 70% achieving five or more GCSEs at grades A\* to C.
- The youth offending rate is well below the Devon average.
- The rate of referrals for the 75+ population into Adult and Community Services in Seaton is under represented compared with the Devon average
- The estimated prevalence of Dementia in the 65 and over population in Seaton is 8.49%
- The rate of Safeguarding alerts for vulnerable adults in East Devon is comparable with the Devon average
- Levels of hospital activity are typically below the Devon average, although planned (elective) admissions to hospital are very slightly above the Devon average.
- The rate of alcohol-related admissions is in line with the Devon average.
- Death rates are consistently below the Devon average.

# DEPRIVATION

The main source of information on deprivation is the 2007 Indices of Deprivation, which combine data on different social issues to produce an overall deprivation score for local areas, the Index of Multiple Deprivation. In the Seaton town area deprivation is uniformly below the national average, with no significant pockets of higher or lower deprivation.

A breakdown of the individual domains from the Indices of Deprivation, highlights that none of the individual areas were particular issues in the Seaton area, although employment and income deprivation affecting children were the only two areas where Seaton was near to the Devon average. This also reveals that income deprivation is more of an issue in the elderly population. A separate Child Wellbeing Index was released in 2009, which also reveals that Seaton is less deprived than the Devon average across all domains, with income the only item near the Devon average.

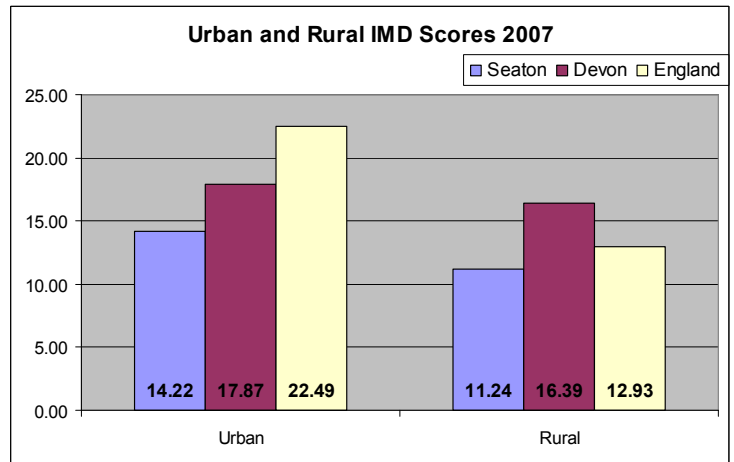


For full description of domains please view the glossary

# DEPRIVATION IN URBAN AND RURAL AREAS

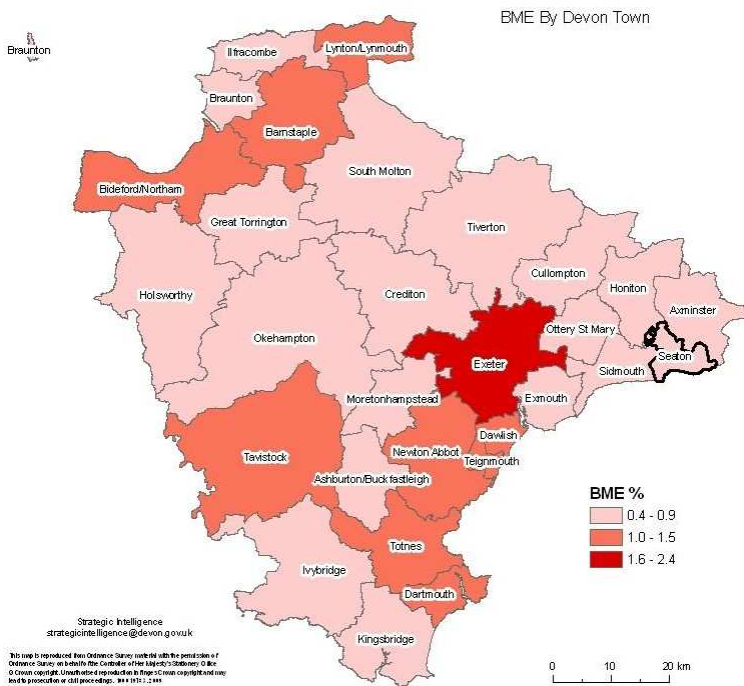
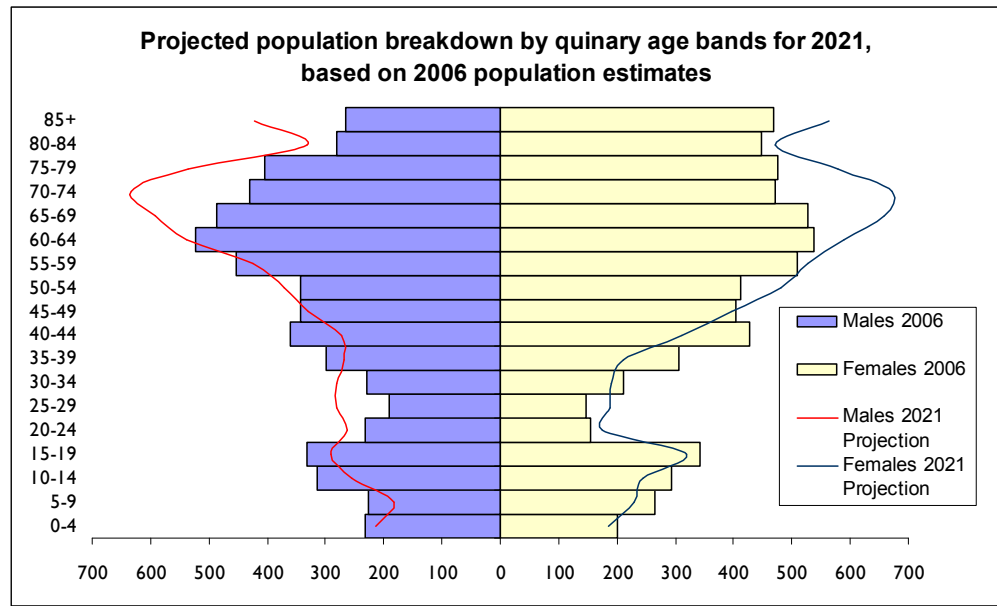
The following chart compares index of multiple deprivation scores for the urban area of Seaton with the surrounding rural hinterland, along with average urban and rural Index of Multiple Deprivation scores for Devon and England as a whole.

This reveals that in general the urban centre of Seaton is slightly more deprived than the surrounding rural area. Both the urban centre and rural hinterland are less deprived than similar urban and rural areas in Devon and England.



# POPULATION

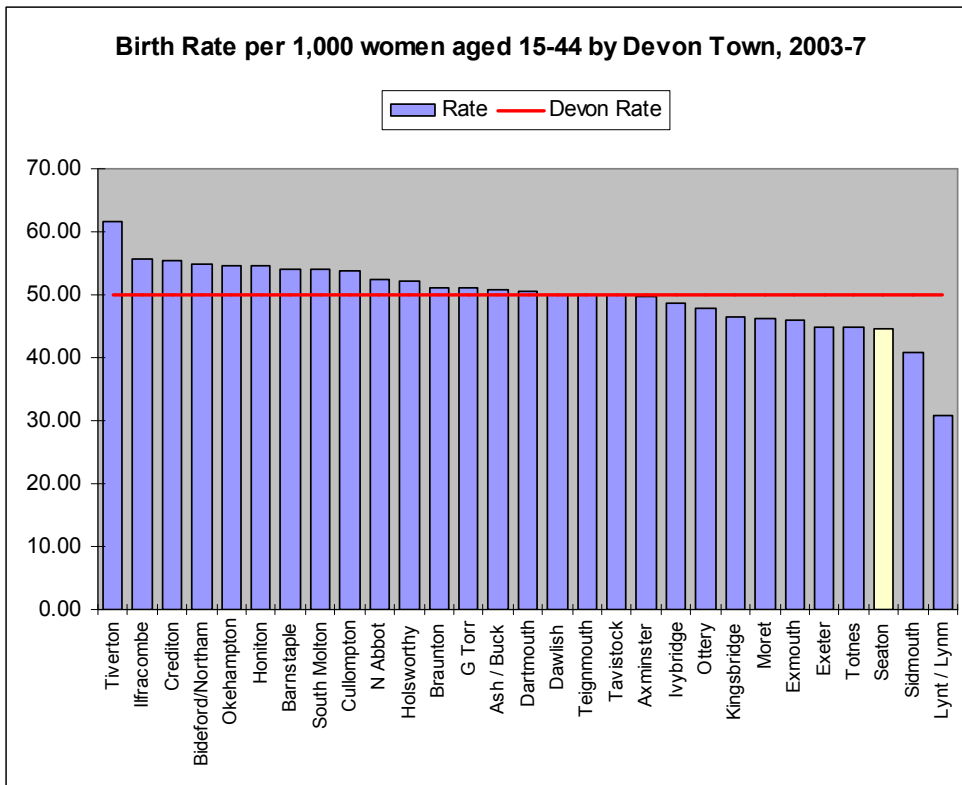
The population of Seaton is predicted to increase by 932 people between 2006 and 2021 – a rise of 7.4%. The total number in the younger age groups (from 0 to 19) is predicted to decrease by 289 to 1,918 – a fall of 13.1%. The 20 to 44 year age band is also predicted to see a decrease, in this case of 115 to 2,439 or 4.5%. The 45 to 64 age group should see an increase of 134 people (3.8%) to 3,658. The older age groups (65 years and older) are due to see an increase in number of 1,202. This equates to a 28.2% increase over the 15 years that these projections cover and will take the population in this group up to 5,457. The largest change is predicted to be in the 70 to 74 age group with an increase of 45.2%.



The proportion of Seaton's population from BME communities based on the 2001 census is 0.4%. This is an under representation when compared to the overall Devon BME of 1.1%.

# BIRTHS

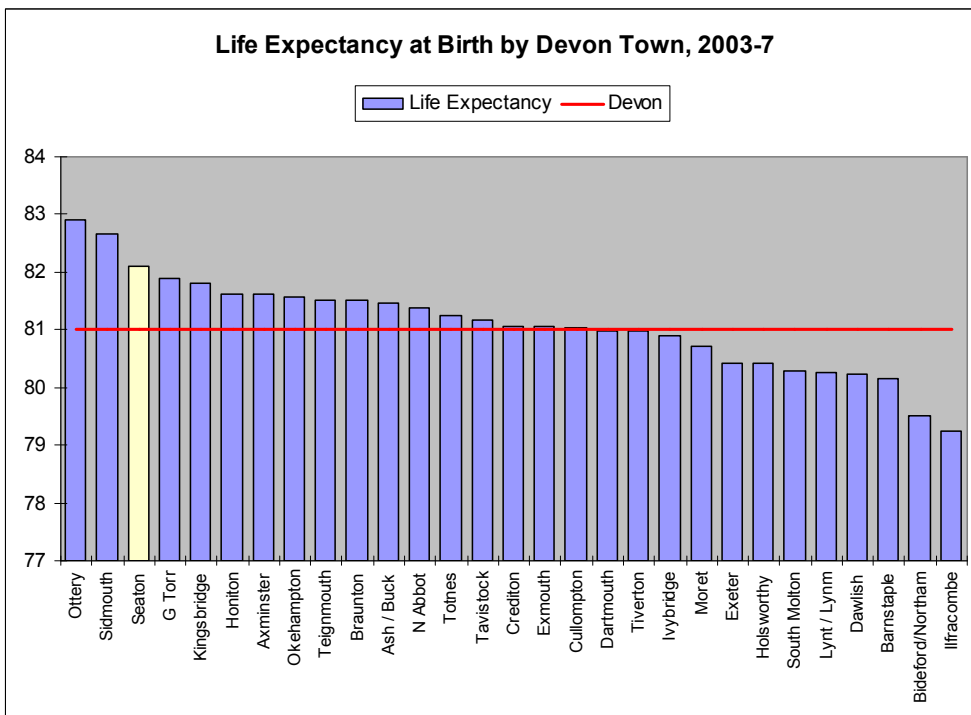
The birth rate in the Seaton area is one of the lowest in Devon, amounting to around 70 births per year. Birth rates in the town are higher than those in the rural hinterland.



Area	Average births per year	Birth Rate
Seaton Centre	42	49.36
Seaton Hinterland	28	39.11
Seaton Town Area	70	44.68
East Devon District	1,005	46.98
Eastern Locality	2,981	48.14
Devon	6,721	50.02
Devon Urban	4,797	50.35
Devon Rural	1,925	49.24

# LIFE EXPECTANCY

Life expectancy in the Seaton area is higher than average life expectancy in Devon. Average life expectancy is slightly longer in the rural hinterland compared with the urban centre.

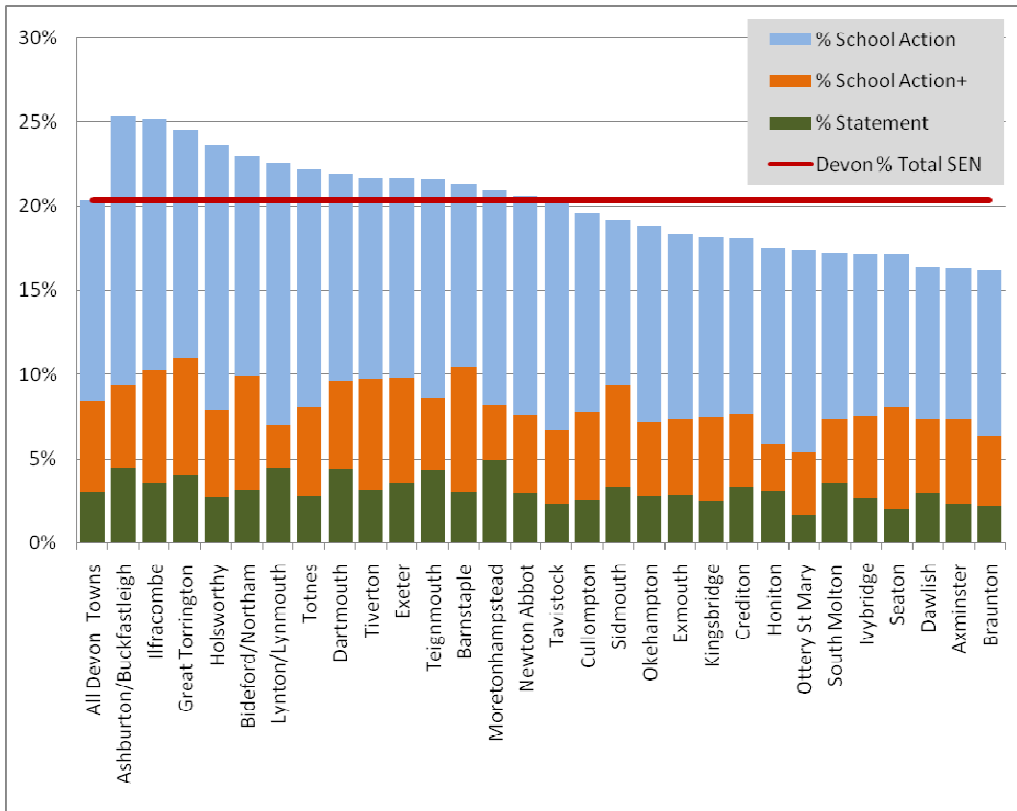


Area	Female	Male	Total
Seaton Centre	83.3	79.5	81.5
Seaton Hinterland	85.1	81.5	83.4
Seaton Town Area	83.8	80.2	82.1
East Devon District	83.4	79.9	81.8
Eastern Locality	83.0	79.1	81.1
Devon	83.0	78.9	81.0
Devon Urban	82.5	78.4	80.5
Devon Rural	84.0	80.0	82.0

# CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE

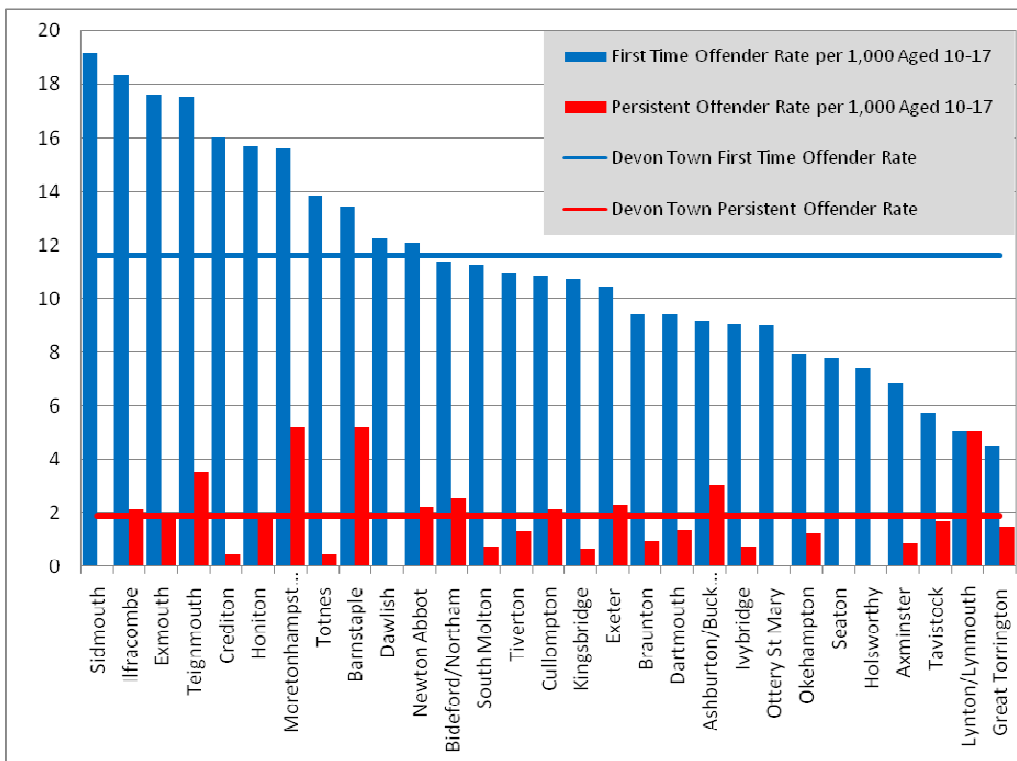
Seaton Town Area has below average numbers of those with Special Educational Needs; the highest GCSE performance in Devon at over 70%; a youth offending rate well below the Devon average; and a below average proportion of children and young people from black and ethnic minority groups.

## SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS (2007/08)



This graph represents the percentage of young people with SEN attending a DCC school in 07/08 by their town of residence. The national average for the proportion of pupils identified with SEN (i.e. Statemented, School Action Plus and School Action combined) is approximately 20%. We want children and young people to access services and provision within their Local Learning Communities wherever possible. Some children with complex needs will require access to specialist support in additionally resourced provision or special schools. Where there are significant variations it reflects the level of support needed within the community. Data Source: DCSF School Census (Oct 07, Jan 08 and May 08)

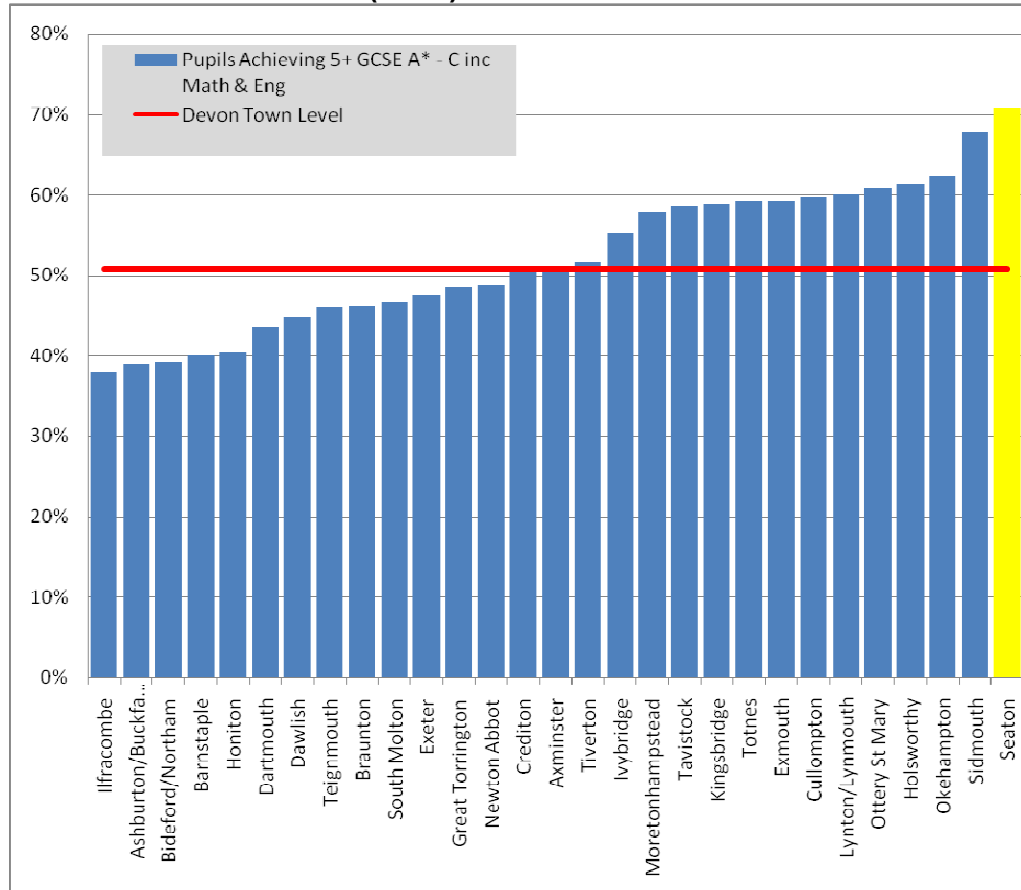
## YOUTH OFFENDING (2008)



Devon's First Time Entrants (FTEs) figure has been below the regional and national average since 2004/5, and continues to fall - current projections for the financial year 2009/10 are that the FTE rate will drop by over a third, compared to the baseline year of 2007/8. Within Devon, such small numbers of FTEs can cause significant statistical variations from one year to the next, particularly in the smaller towns and communities. In general, around two thirds of FTEs do not re-offend, but the pattern of those who re-offend more persistently (Persistent Youth Offenders - PYOs) is even more liable to fluctuation outside of the four largest communities (Barnstaple, Exeter, Exmouth and Newton Abbot). Preventative work by the Youth Offending Service and Children's Trust is increasingly focused, therefore, on the towns

where there is a longer term pattern of FTEs and PYOs above the Devon average. Data Source: Devon Youth Offending Team 2009

## GCSE PERFORMANCE (2008)



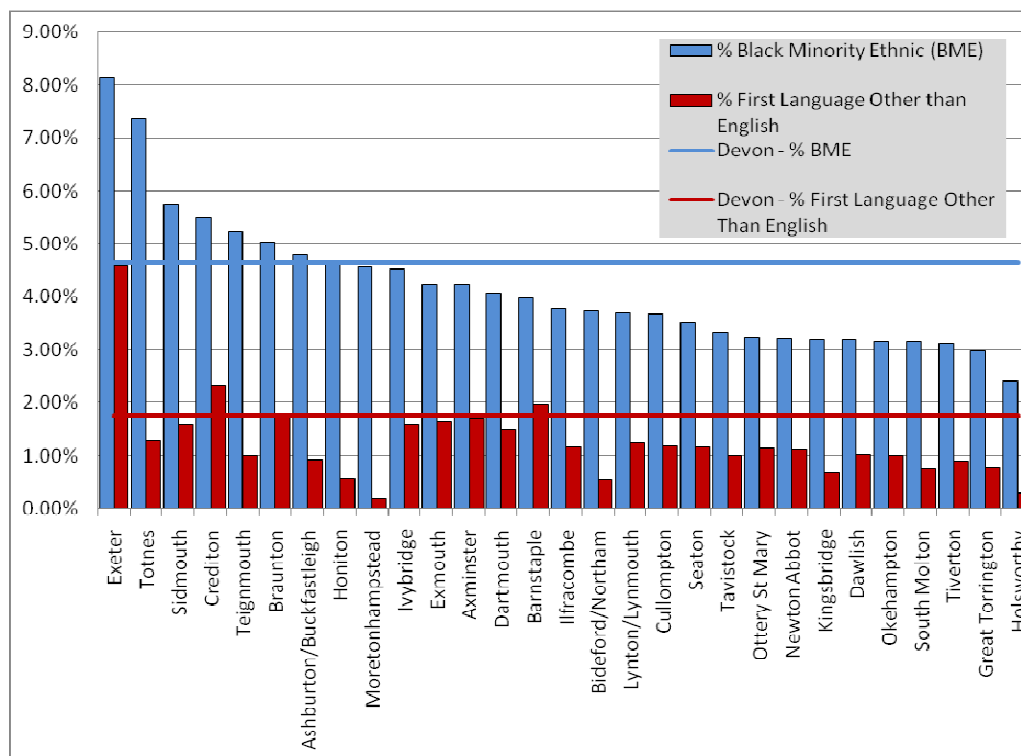
The graph illustrates GCSE performance in 2008 for pupils in Devon Maintained Schools by Town of residence.

Devon pupils' achievement at GCSE level is slightly above the National average (49.5%) but there still too many pupils not gaining 5 or more GCSEs including Maths and English.

The Local Authority has established a 'Narrowing the Gap' Programme to improve the attainment of the lowest 20% of achievers, and a 'Raising the Bar' programme to stretch the most able.

Data Source: Devon Learning and Development Partnership

## ETHNICITY AND FIRST LANGUAGE (2007/08)



This graph represents the percentage of young people with a first language other than English who were attending a DCC school in 07/08 by their town of residence.

In this time period there were 4,440 pupils from a minority ethnic background in Devon schools (4.65% of the total school population) and of these 1,731 have English as an additional language.

There are over 60 different languages spoken by children and young people in Devon schools the largest minority language groups being Polish (252) and German (88).

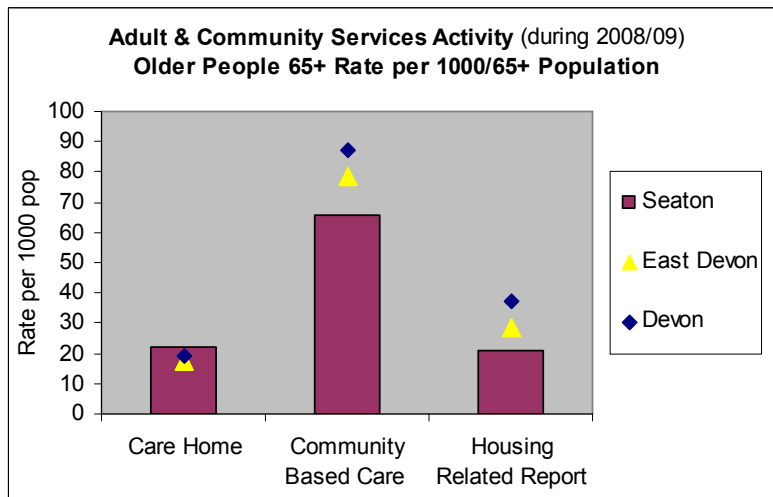
There are few schools without minority ethnic pupils and an increase in those schools with over 6% Black Minority and Ethnic pupils on roll. Currently, the largest ethnic group are Polish families located

across the county.

Data Source: DCSF School Census (Oct 07, Jan 08 and May 08)

# ADULT AND COMMUNITY SERVICES

## Older People 65+



The table illustrates that service activity for older people aged 65+ in Seaton is comparable to the Devon average for the proportion of people based in Care Homes. The proportion of people receiving Community Based Care and Housing Related Support is under represented when compared to the Devon average.

The rate of referrals for older people aged 65+ into Adult and Community Services in Seaton is 131.1 (per 1000 65+ population). The rate of referrals for the 75+ population is under represented in Seaton when compared to the Devon average. A higher proportion of referrals (18%) for older people aged 65+ in Seaton are dealt with at point of contact when compared with the overall Devon average of 14%. There is an under representation in the number of referrals from Secondary Health for clients aged 65+ in Seaton.

The rate of older people aged 65+ in Seaton receiving assessments is 46.3 (per 1000 65+ population) and 62.3 for reviews, these rates are both under represented when compared to the Devon average.

13% of adult clients in East Devon who were assessed on Falls risk groups based on new enquiries received for the Home Improvement Agency were identified as in the High risk group, compared to 15% for the Devon average.

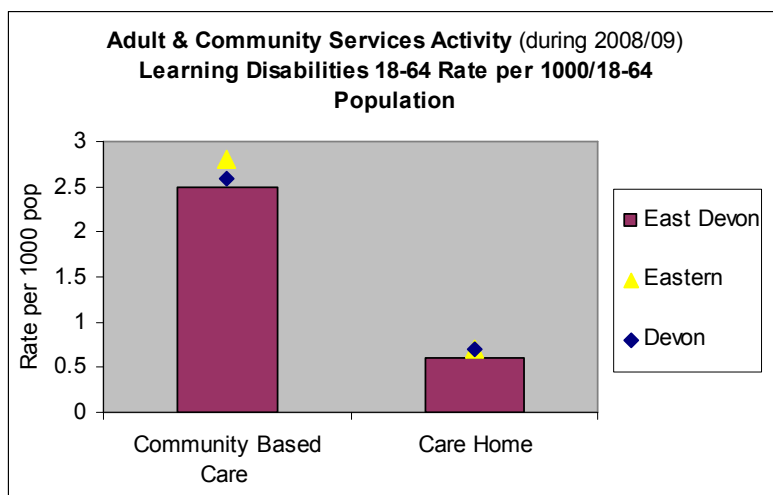
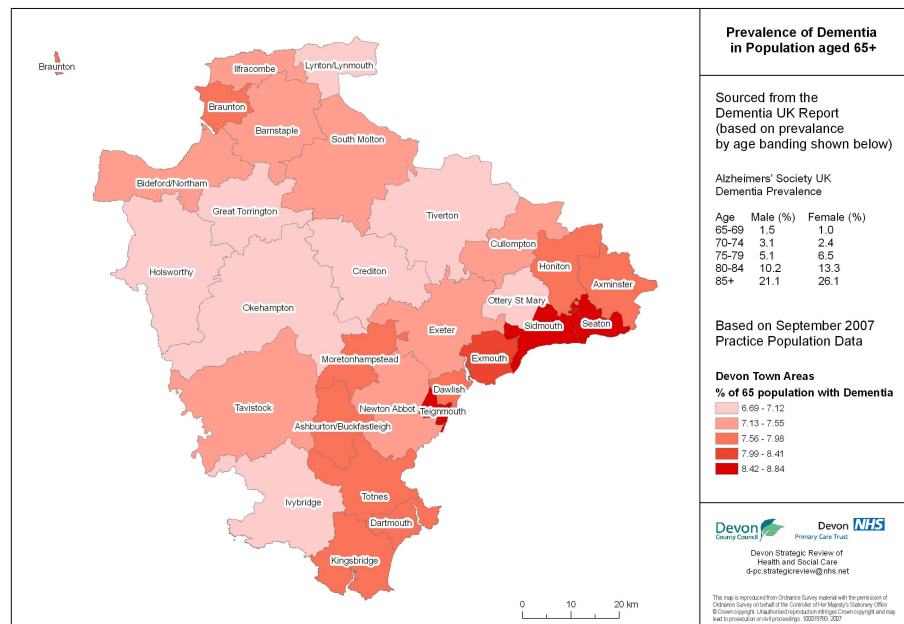
## Mental Health and Learning Disabilities

Applying the nationally accepted prevalence rates for Dementia to the population in Seaton shows that there are an estimated 373 people in the area with Dementia. This gives an overall prevalence rate in the 65 and over population of 8.49%.

The table below presents people in East Devon aged 18-64 predicted to have a mental health problem, projected to 2025

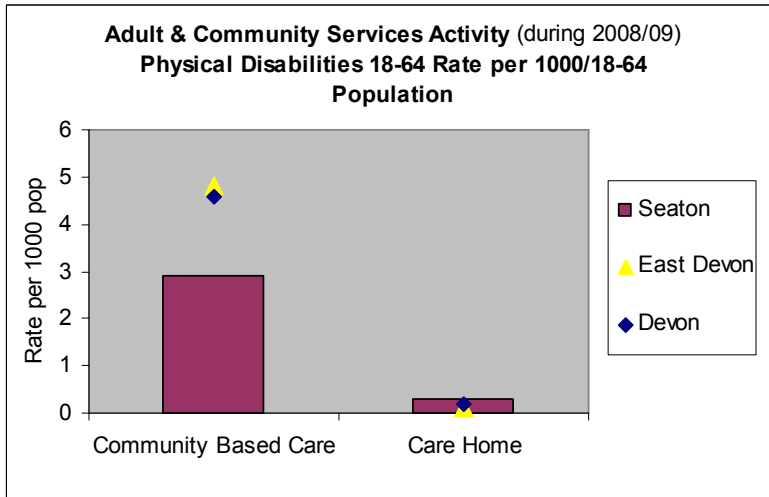
	2008	2025	% Change
Depression	1,880	2,087	11%
Neurotic disorder	12,148	13,484	11%
Personality disorder	3,224	3,580	11%
Psychotic disorder	404	449	11%

Data Source: PANSI



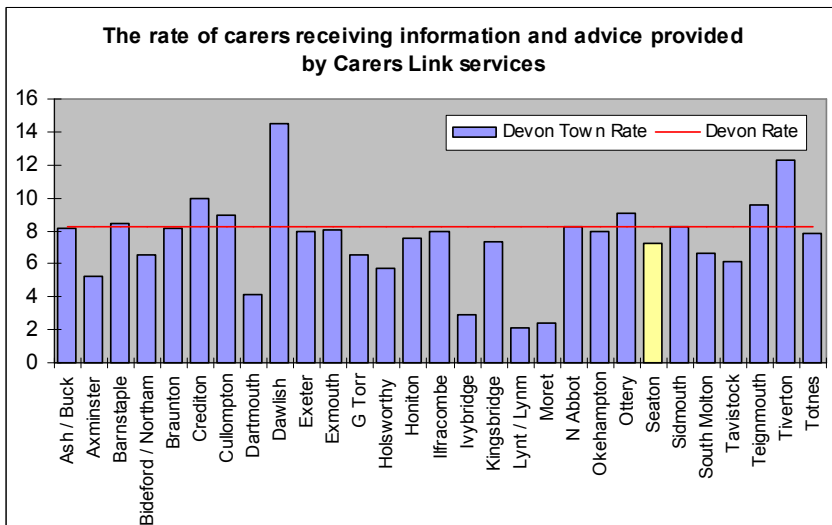
In East Devon the proportion of people with learning disabilities aged 18-64 receiving Community Based Care and the proportion of people based in Care Homes is comparable to the overall Devon average.

## Physical Disabilities 18-64



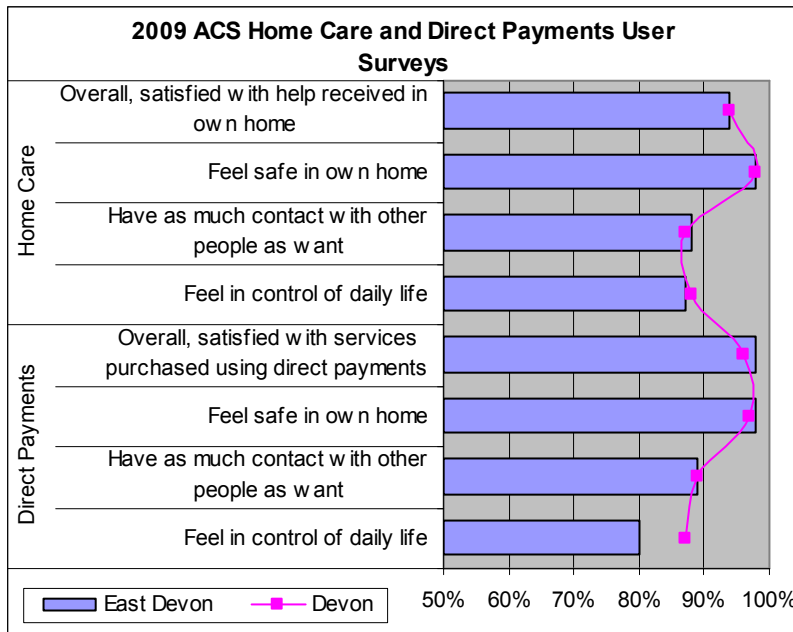
This table demonstrates that in Seaton there is an under representation in the number of people with physical disabilities aged 18-64 receiving Community Based Care when compared to the overall Devon average. There is an under representation in the rate of referrals in Seaton for people aged 18-64 into Adult and Community Services. There is an under representation in the number of referrals made by family / friend / neighbours and Secondary Health. The rate of people with physical disabilities aged 18-64 in Newton Abbot receiving assessments is 1.1 (per 1000 18-64 population) and 1.7 for reviews, these rates are both under represented when compared to the Devon average. The rate of Safeguarding alerts in East Devon is 2.1 (per 1000 18+ population) and is comparable to the Devon average.

## Carers

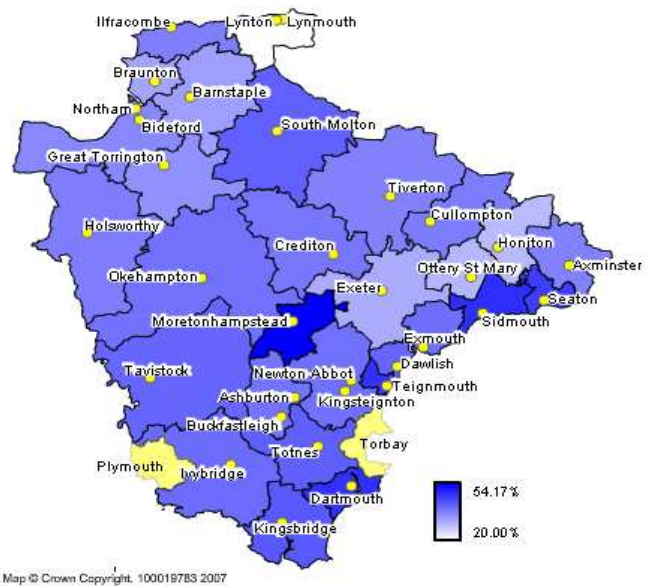


The rate of Carers assessments and reviews in Seaton is 7.6 (per 1000 18+ population) and is comparable with the Devon average. The table opposite illustrates that the rate of carers receiving Information and advice provided by Carers Link services in Seaton is in line with the Devon average. A large proportion of this is carers of people with physical disabilities and mental health problems

## User Experience / Feedback



- Respect and consideration
- Older people are able to get the support needed to continue to live at home.

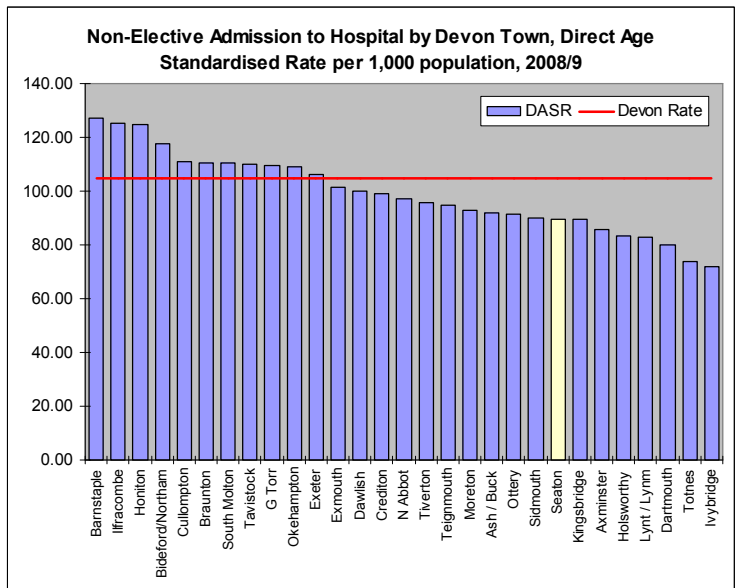
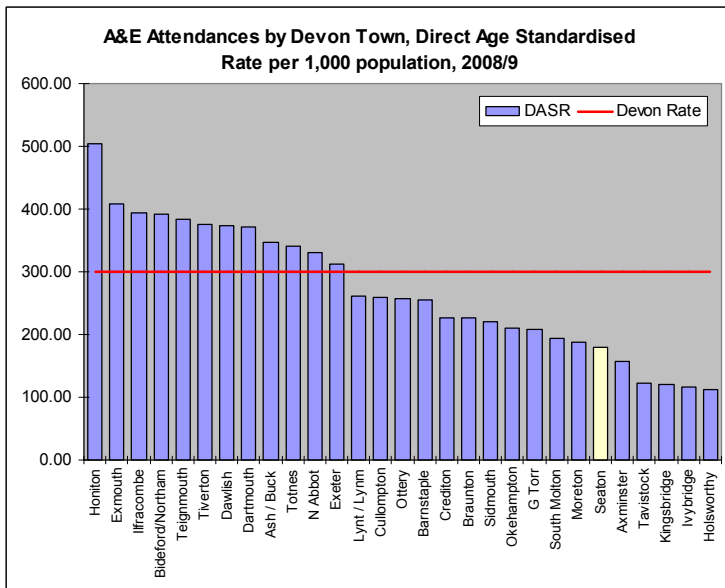
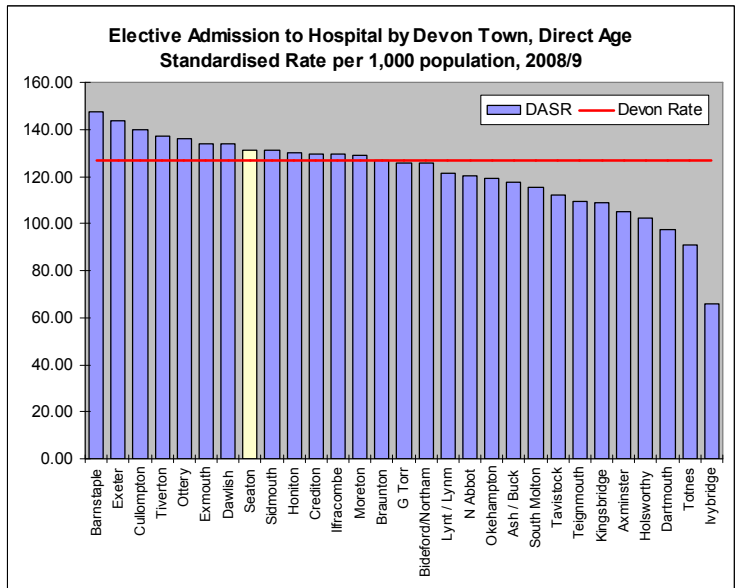
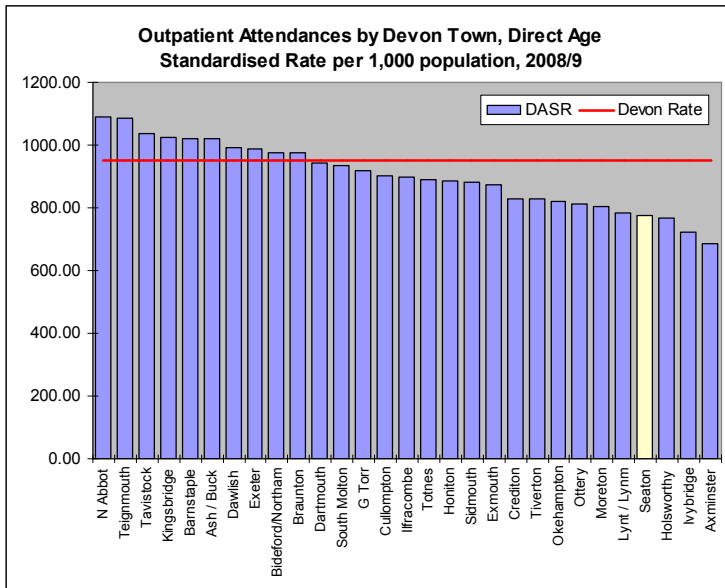


Results of the 2008 Place Survey reveal that 45.7% of Seaton residents who responded to the survey felt that older people are able to get the support needed to continue to live at home compared to the Devon average of 36%. The 2009 ACS User Survey results for Direct Payments recipients indicate that respondents in East Devon feel less in control of daily life than in Devon overall. However, low response rates in some districts can skew survey results.



# HOSPITAL ACTIVITY

The rate of outpatient attendances in the Seaton town area is below the Devon average, although the rate of elective admissions to hospital is marginally above the Devon average. The rate of Accident and Emergency attendances is well below the Devon average, and non-elective admissions to hospital, which cover emergencies, maternities and transfers, are also below the Devon average. Attendance and admission rates are generally slightly higher in the urban centre compared with the rural hinterland.

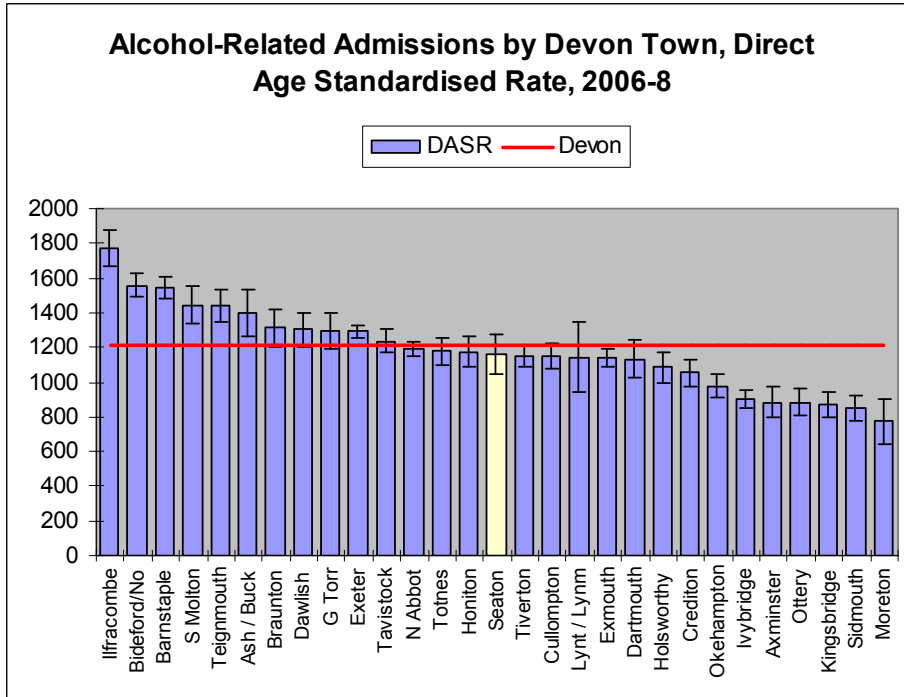


## Hospital Activity, Direct Age Standardised Rates by Activity Type, 2008/9

Area	A&E Attends	Outpatient Attends	Elective Admissions	Non-Elective Admissions
Seaton Centre	182.1	837.3	133.3	97.0
Seaton Hinterland	177.5	696.8	127.7	79.9
Seaton Town Area	179.2	774.7	131.4	89.5
East Devon District	324.8	842.7	130.6	98.4
Eastern Locality	313.2	889.5	134.5	101.9
Devon	300.3	951.4	126.9	104.8

# PUBLIC HEALTH – ALCOHOL-RELATED ADMISSIONS

Alcohol-Related admissions include those where acute, chronic and mental conditions are known to relate either fully or partially to alcohol use. Further details on how these figures are derived can be found in the glossary. The Seaton area has a rate of alcohol-related admissions in line with Devon as a whole.



Area	Admissions per year	DASR* per 100k
Seaton Centre	155	1330.1
Seaton Hinterland	85	925.5
Seaton Town Area	240	1160.2
East Devon District	2,163	1043.8
Eastern Locality	5,082	1159.1
Devon	12,742	1215.3
Devon Urban	8,877	1319.4
Devon Rural	3,863	1012.1

\* Direct age standardised rate, see glossary

## PUBLIC HEALTH TEEN CONCEPTIONS

Due to low numbers of teen conceptions across the whole area, the rates in all wards were suppressed due to the small numbers involved.

## PUBLIC HEALTH DEATH RATES 2003-7

The table below presents mortality or death rates for the Seaton town area compared with Devon. This highlights that death rates in Seaton are typically below the Devon average, and death rates from all causes, and for under 75s are significantly below the Devon average.



Measure	Average deaths per year	DASR	Devon DASR	Relationship to Average
All Causes	238	486.9	533.3	Sig Low
All Causes, Female	130	412.6	448.3	N.S.
All Causes, Male	108	582.7	640.6	N.S.
All Causes, under 75	40	203.2	254.4	Sig Low
Cancer	56	144.4	163.9	N.S.
Cancer, under 75	18	89.7	105.5	N.S.
Circulatory	96	173.8	183.8	N.S.
Circulatory, under 75	11	52.0	65.8	N.S.

N.S. = Not statistically significant. For more information on definitions and measures, see glossary