HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT 15TH JANUARY 2015 DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD FULL VERSION

The Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy has four priority areas and the selected indicators in this report align to these. Further to this, there are three types of indicators reflecting how the board will address the issue in question. These three types are:

Challenge Indicators – these cover areas where outcomes are poor, where inequalities are widening locally, or areas which are critical to future plans to improve health and wellbeing. The board will monitor these indicators and challenge current processes and practices in lead organisations in these areas.

Monitoring 'Watching Brief' Indicators – these cover areas where local outcomes are positive or where improvements have been made. The role of the board will be to monitor these indicators and intervene should outcomes deteriorate.

Commissioning Improvement Indicators – these are indicators for areas where joint working is required to improve outcomes and where the board will need to play a more active role in coordinating local commissioning.

Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy indicators are set out in the grid on the next page, grouped against the four Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy priorities and three indicator types. The outcomes framework they align to is identified within brackets. Given the remit of the board, the Public Health Outcomes Framework, Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework and NHS Outcomes Framework all figure prominently.

There are six main analyses in each individual indicator report:

South West Benchmarking – showing the position of Devon relative to other upper tier or unitary authorities in the South West, the South West rate and the national rate.

Local Authority District – highlighting differences within Devon between local authority districts.

Local Authority Comparator Group – showing Devon's position relative to the national family of peer authorities

Clinical Commissioning Group and Locality Comparison – highlighting differences within Devon between the Clinical Commissioning Groups and sub localities.

Trend and Future Trajectory – showing change over time on the selected indicator compared to the South West and England, and where available a future trajectory based on local targets or ambitions.

Inequalities – illustrating the extent of inequalities within Devon for the selected indicator. These will typically focus on social deprivation, but may relate to age, sex or other factors as appropriate.

Indicators which have been updated since the last report are marked as: *UPDATED INDICATOR*

Any queries on this report should be directed to the Devon Public Health Intelligence Team at



Indicator List

Priority	RAG	Indicator	Туре	Trend	Dev/SW/Eng
1. A Focus	А	Children in Poverty *	Chall	$\sim\sim$	
	G	Early Years Foundation Score *	Chall		
on Children	G	Smoking at Time of Delivery *	Watch	$\left. \right\}$	
and Families	А	Teenage Conception Rate *	Watch	<pre>{</pre>	
	-	Child/Adolescent Mental Health Access Measure	Improve	-	-
	R	Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 10-24	Improve	\langle	
	G	Proportion of Physically Active Adults	Chall		
	А	Excess Weight in Four / Five Year Olds *	Chall	$\left< \right.$	
2. Healthy	А	Excess Weight in 10 / 11 Year Olds *	Chall	$\left. \right\rangle$	
Lifestyle	А	Alcohol-Related Admissions	Watch	\langle	
Choices	А	Adult Smoking Prevalence *	Watch	\langle	
	G	Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers *	Improve		
	G	Under 75 Mortality Rate - Circulatory Diseases *	Improve		
	А	Incidence of Clostridium Difficile	Chall	\langle	
3. Good	G	Injuries Due to Falls	Chall	\rangle	
Health and	Α	Dementia Diagnosis Rate	Chall		
Wellbeing in	G	Feel Supported to Manage Own Condition	Watch		
Older Age	G	Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness)	Watch	\langle	
Older Age	А	Re-ablement Services (Coverage)	Watch	\rangle	
	A	Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days	Improve		
	А	Suicide Rate *	Chall	\langle	
	G	Male Life Expectancy Gap	Chall	\langle	
4. Strong	G	Female Life Expectancy Gap	Chall	\rangle	=
and	G	Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score)	Watch	/	
Supportive	G	Social Contentedness	Watch	\langle	
Communities	G	Carer Reported Quality of Life	Watch	-	
	А	Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Learn. Dis.)	Improve		
	G	Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Mental HIth)	Improve	/	

RAG Ratings

Red	R	Major cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking poor / off-target	
Amber	А	Possible cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking average / target at risk	
Green	G	No major cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking good / on-target	

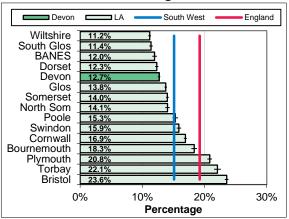
Priority Area Summaries

A Focus on Children and Families - Child poverty levels fell between 2011 and 2012. Recorded levels of child development are above the South West and England averages. Rates of smoking at delivery are falling over time and are amongst the lowest in the South West. Conception rates have fallen over time, particularly in more deprived areas. Self-harm admissions in younger people are above the national average.
 Healthy Lifestyle Choices - Higher levels of physical activity are seen in Devon. Levels of excess weight in children are above average at age 4/5 and below average at age 10/11. The narrow alcohol-related admissions rate is similar to England. Adult smoking rates are below the national average. Mortality rates are falling.
 Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age - Clostridium Difficile incidence aligns with South West and national rates. The gap between Devon and the South West and England for the detection of dementia, has narrowed. Devon has relatively low levels of injuries due to falls. A higher proportion feel supported to manage their long-term condition in Devon. Reablement service effectiveness is above average, but recorded coverage is low. Readmission rates are below average but are increasing over time.

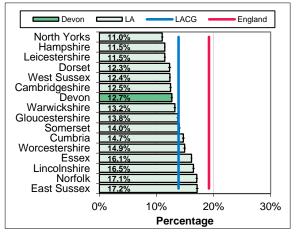
4. Strong and Supportive Communities - Suicide rates in Devon are consistent with the national average. There is a smaller gap in life expectancy between the most and least deprived communities in Devon than nationally. Self-reported wellbeing in Devon tends to be better than the national average. The proportion stating that they have as much social contact as they would like is above the national average. Quality of life for carers is in line with the national average. Devon had similar levels of people with learning disabilities in stable and appropriate accommodation than the national average, but lower rates for people with mental health issues.

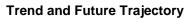
Priority 1: A F Indicator: Ch	DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORTRAG RatingPriority 1: A Focus on Children and FamiliesGreenIndicator: Children in PovertyA Amber	
Period: 2012	*UPDATED INDICATOR*	Red
Overview	erview 15,615 children (12.7%) in Devon live in households dependent on benefits or tax credits, compared with 15.1% in the South West and 19.2% nationally. Child poverty rates in Devon fell between 1999 and 2008 and have dropped further from the South West average over time. Rates increased in 2009 and 2010 before falling slightly in 2011 and 2012. Rates at a district level range from 10.3% in East Devon to 16.0% in Torridge. Rates in the most deprived areas are five times those in the least.	
EqualitiesConsiderable variation exists across Devon communities. Rates of child poverty are higher in younger families due to higher benefit claimant rates and lower incomes in persons in their 20s and 30s. Single parent households, particularly where headed by a female, are also more likely to experience economic poverty, as are children of 		

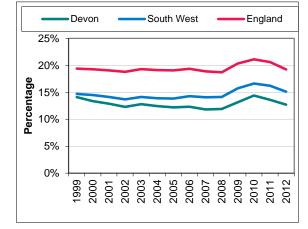
South West Benchmarking



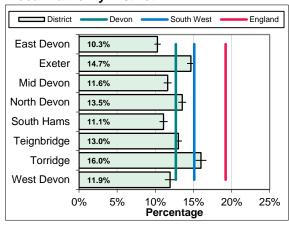
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



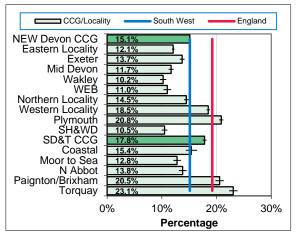




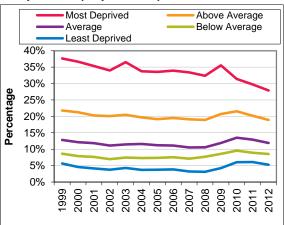
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



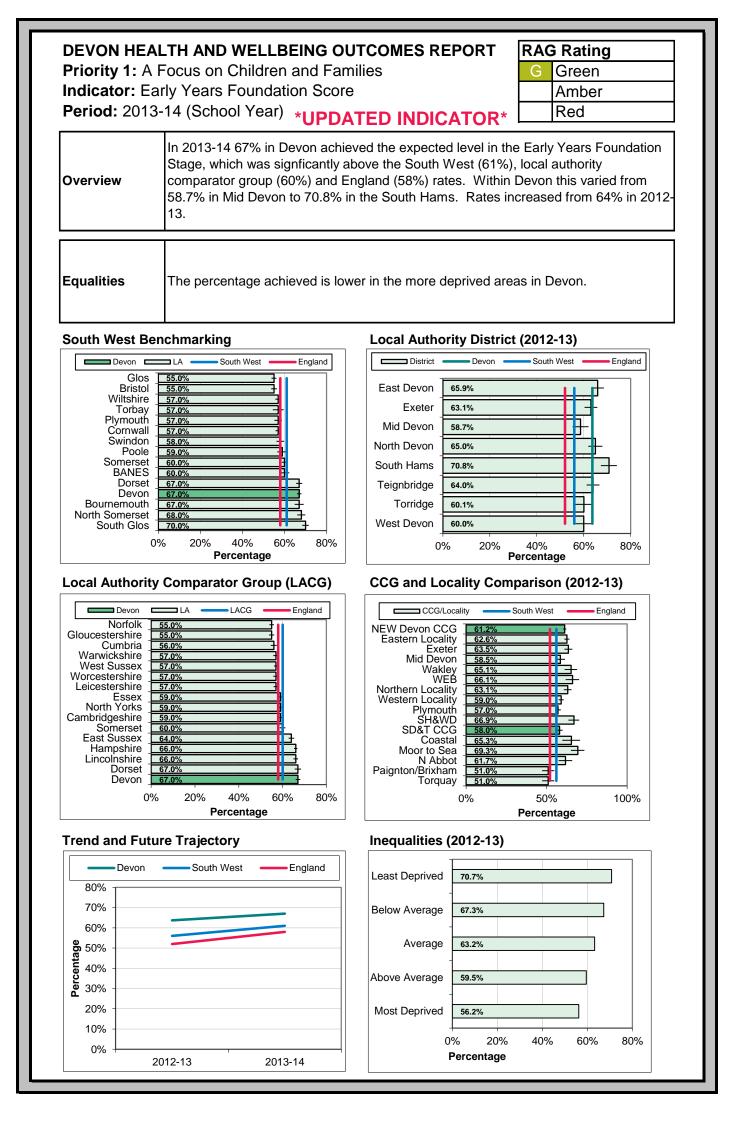
Inequalities (Deprivation)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families **Indicator:** Children in Poverty **Period:** 2012

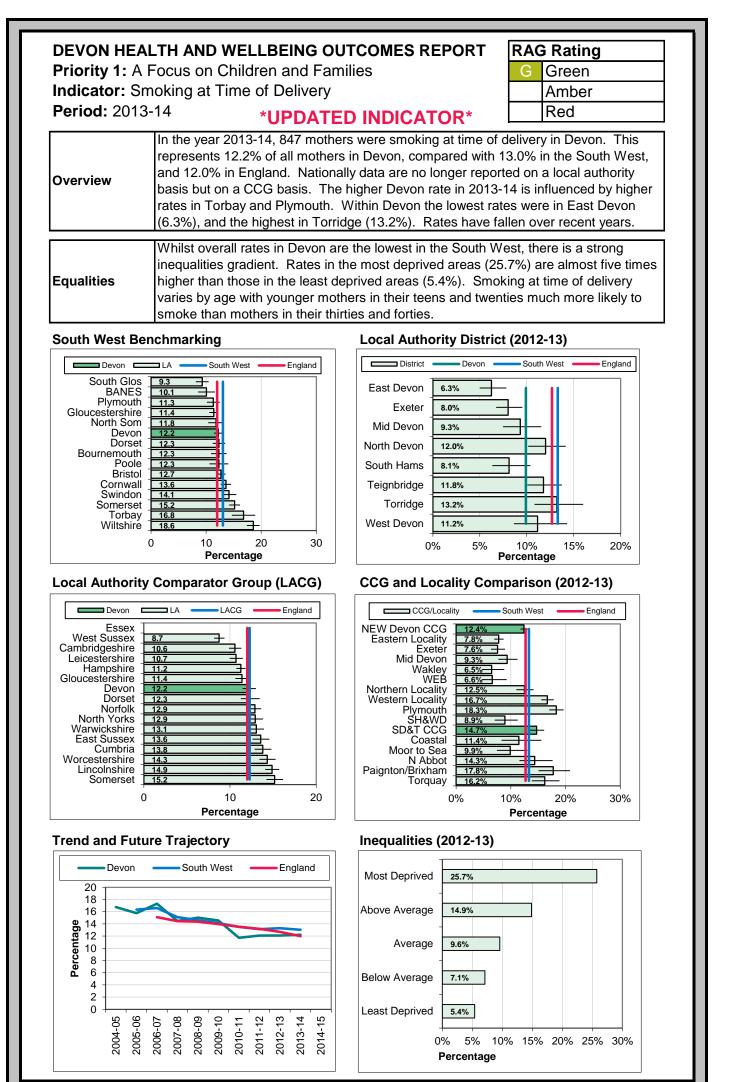
Description	Percentage of children (aged 0 to 15) living in households dependent on benefits or tax credits.	
Source	HM Revenue and Customs (Personal Tax Credits: Related Statistics - Child Poverty Statistics)	
Update Frequency	Annually, around 20 months in arrears (2013 due Autumn 2015)	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.01	
Detailed Specification	Children living in families in receipt of Child Tax Credit (CTC) whose reported income is less than 60 per cent of the median income or are in receipt of income support (IS) or Income-Based Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA), as a proportion of the total number of children in the area.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality		
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.	
	Health and Wellbeing Devon	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families **Indicator:** Early Years Foundation Score **Period:** 2013-14 (School Year)

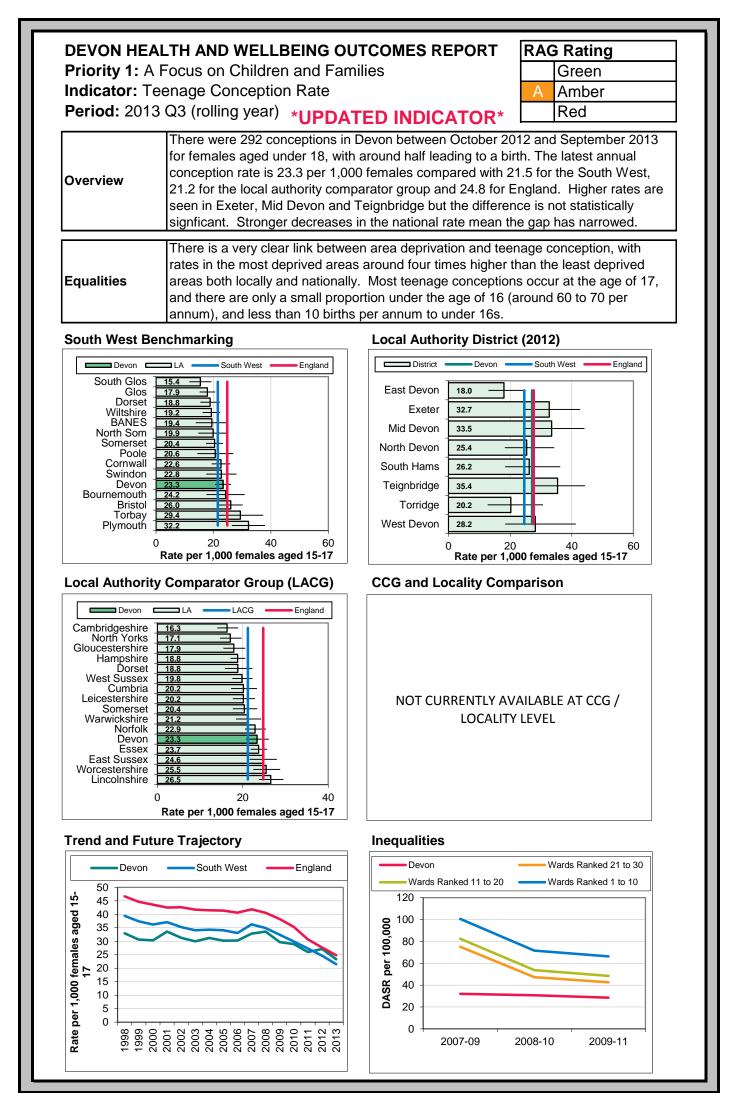
Description	Percentage of Children achieving a Early Years Foundation Score indicating a good level of development at school entry.	
Source	Department for Education (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Babcock LDP (Local Authority District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)	
Update Frequency	Annually, 2014-15 school year data due November 2015.	
Outcomes Framework	Not Applicable	
Detailed Specification	From 2013, children will be defined as having reached a 'Good Level of Development' at the end of the Early Years Foundation Stage if they achieve at least the expected level in: - The early learning goals in the prime areas of learning (personal, social and emotional development: physical development; and communication and language) and; - The early learning goals in the specific areas of mathematics and literacy	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.	
	Health and Wellbeing	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families **Indicator:** Smoking at Time of Delivery **Period:** 2013-14

Description	Number of women who currently smoke at time of delivery per 100 maternities.	
Source	The Health and Social Care Information Centre, Lifestyle Statistics	
Update Frequency	Annually - typically three months in arrears (2014-15 data is due July 2015)	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.03	
Detailed Specification	Number of women known to smoke at time of delivery. Numerator counts for areas are based on all women resident within the PCT's boundary known to smoke. Denominator counts for areas are based on all women resident within the PCT's boundary who gave birth in the period. Data collected from Health and Social Care Information Centre's return on Smoking Status At Time of Delivery. This information has been collected using the Health and Social Care Information Centre's (HSCIC's) Omnibus system, a web based system set up to collect performance and other central returns directly from the NHS.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Primary Care Trust areas in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart NotesCompares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar isLocal Authority95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities		
	Health and Wellbeing	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

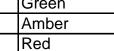
Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families **Indicator:** Teenage Conception Rate **Period:** 2013 Q3 (rolling year)

Description	Conceptions in women aged under 18 per 1,000 females aged 15-17.	
Source	Office for National Statistics	
Update Frequency	Quarterly - 15 months in arrears (Q4 2013 due March 2015)	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.04	
Detailed Specification	Number of pregnancies that occur to women aged under 18, that result in either one or more live or still births or a legal abortion under the Abortion Act 1967. Population aged 15 to 17 derived from Office for National Statistics Mid Year Population Estimates. Conceptions are divided by population and then multiplied by 1,000.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority		
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.	
Chart NotesCompares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is based on 0.5 fall in rate per annum from 2009 baseline.		
Chart Notes Inequalities		
	Health and Wellbeing Devon Committed to promoting health equality	

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families Indicator: Child/Adolescent Mental Health Access Measure **Period:** 2012-13

RAG Rating

Green



INDICATOR STILL IN DEVELOPMENT

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and FamiliesIndicator: Child and Adolescent Mental Health Measure 1Period: 2012-13

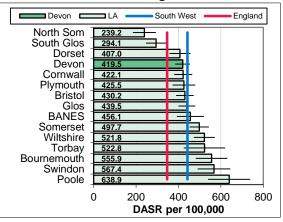
Description	In Development.
Source	In Development.
Update Frequency	In Development.
Outcomes Framework	Not Applicable
Detailed Specification	In Development.
Chart Notes South West	Not yet available.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Not yet available.
Chart Notes Comparator	Not yet available.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Not yet available.
Chart Notes Trend	Not yet available.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Not yet available.
	Health and Wellbeing Devon

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT	RAC	G Rating
Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families		Green
Indicator: Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 10 to 24		Amber
Period: 2012-13	R	Red

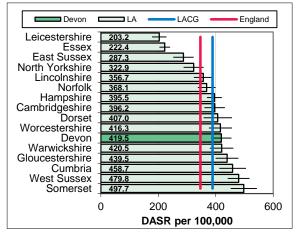
Green
Amber

Overview	There were 548 hospital admissions for self-harm in persons aged 10 to 24 in Devon in 2012-13. The rate per 100,000 in Devon was 419.5, which is below the South West rate (442.5), but above the local authority comparator group (388.8) and England (346.3) rates. Admission rates increased from 376.6 in 2007-08 to 419.5 in 2012-13. Within Devon rates were highest in North Devon, and lowest in the South Hams and Torridge.
Equalities	Rates of hospital admission for self-harm are three times higher in females than males and the gap has widened in recent years. Within the 10 to 24 age group admission rates were highest in those aged 15 to 19 (625.4). Admission rates also are higher in more deprived areas, with a rate of 1034.0 in the most deprived areas compared with 308.6 in the least deprived areas in 2012-13.

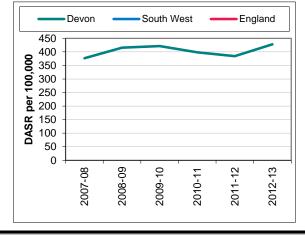
South West Benchmarking



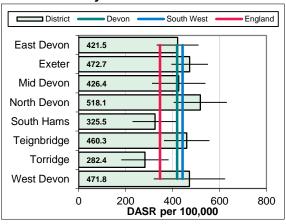
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



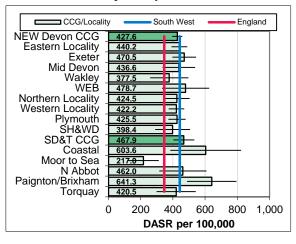




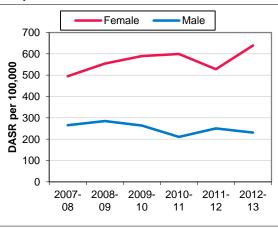
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison







INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

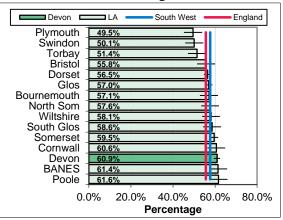
Priority 1: A Focus on Children and FamiliesIndicator: Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 10 to 24Period: 2012-13

Description	Direct Age Standardised Rate of finished admission episodes for self-harm per 100,000 population aged 10 to 24 years
Source	Source: CHIMAT Child Health Profiles http://www.chimat.org.uk/profiles Uses Hospital Episode Statistics from Health and Social Care Information Centre
Update Frequency	Annual, 2013-14 due late 2014
Outcomes Framework	Local Proxy Indicator based on 2014 Child Health Profiles. Full Indicator will appear as: Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.10 when finalised.
Detailed Specification	Numerator is number of finished admission episodes in children aged between 10 and 24 years where the main recorded cause is between 'X60' and 'X84' (Intentional self-harm). Population for people aged 10 to 24, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate over time. South West region and England rates not available as historical information has been been published for the indicator.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares rates within Devon by sex.
	Health and Wellbeing

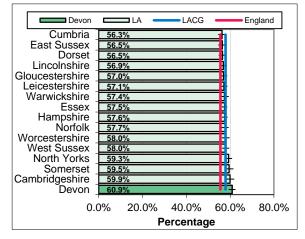
DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORTRAG RatingPriority 2: Healthy Lifestyle ChoicesG GreenIndicator: Proportion of Physically Active AdultsAmberPeriod: 2013Red

Overview	60.9% of adults in Devon were physically active for at least 150 minutes per week in 2013. This is significantly above the South West (57.7%), comparator group (57.9%) and national (55.6%) rates. Rates in Devon were the highest in the local authority comparator group. Rates were significantly higher in West Devon (68.3%), although the differences between the districts themselves were not statistically significant. Levels of physical activity increased from 59.5% in 2012 to 60.9% in 2013.
Equalities	Local breakdowns by deprivation or equality characteristics are not available. National results from the Active People survey highlight that physical activity rates are higher in less deprived areas and professional groups. Participation is also higher in males and younger age groups. There are no significant differences by ethnicity. Activity rates are significantly lower in people with limiting long-term health problems.

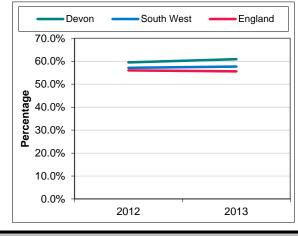
South West Benchmarking



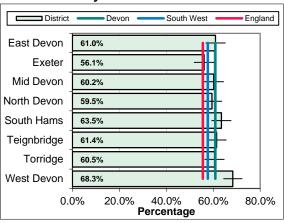
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



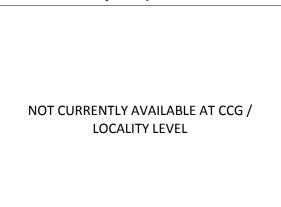
Trend and Future Trajectory



Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



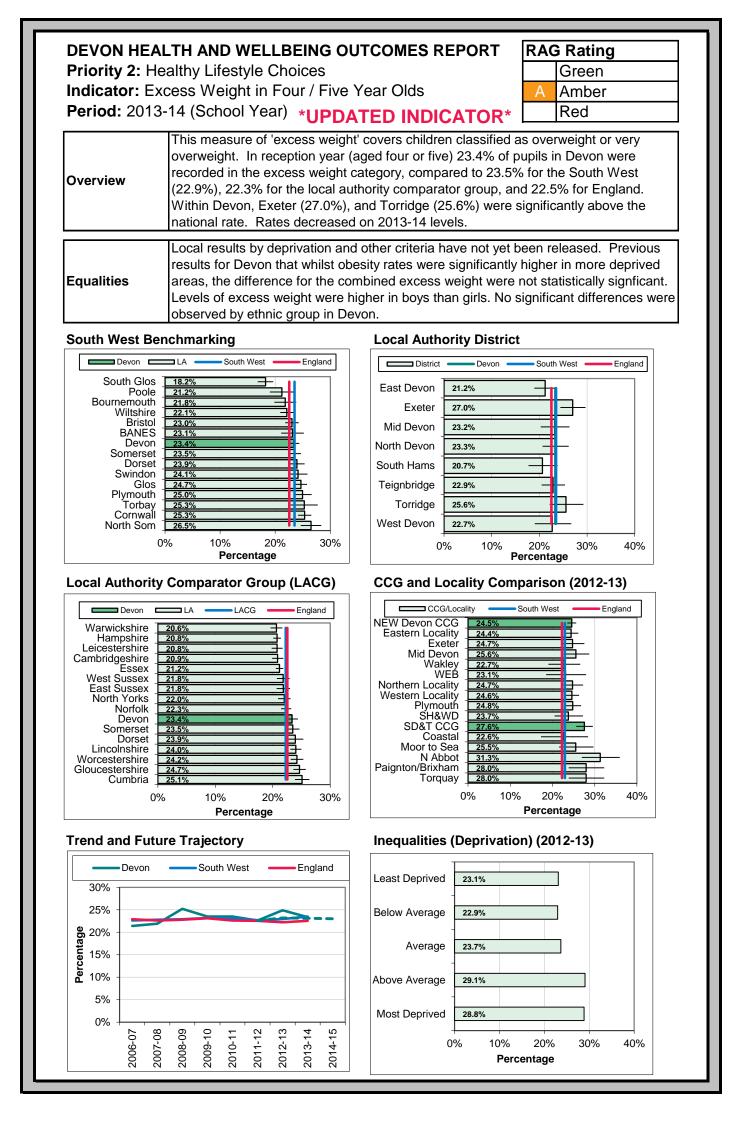
Inequalities



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle ChoicesIndicator: Proportion of Physically Active AdultsPeriod: 2013

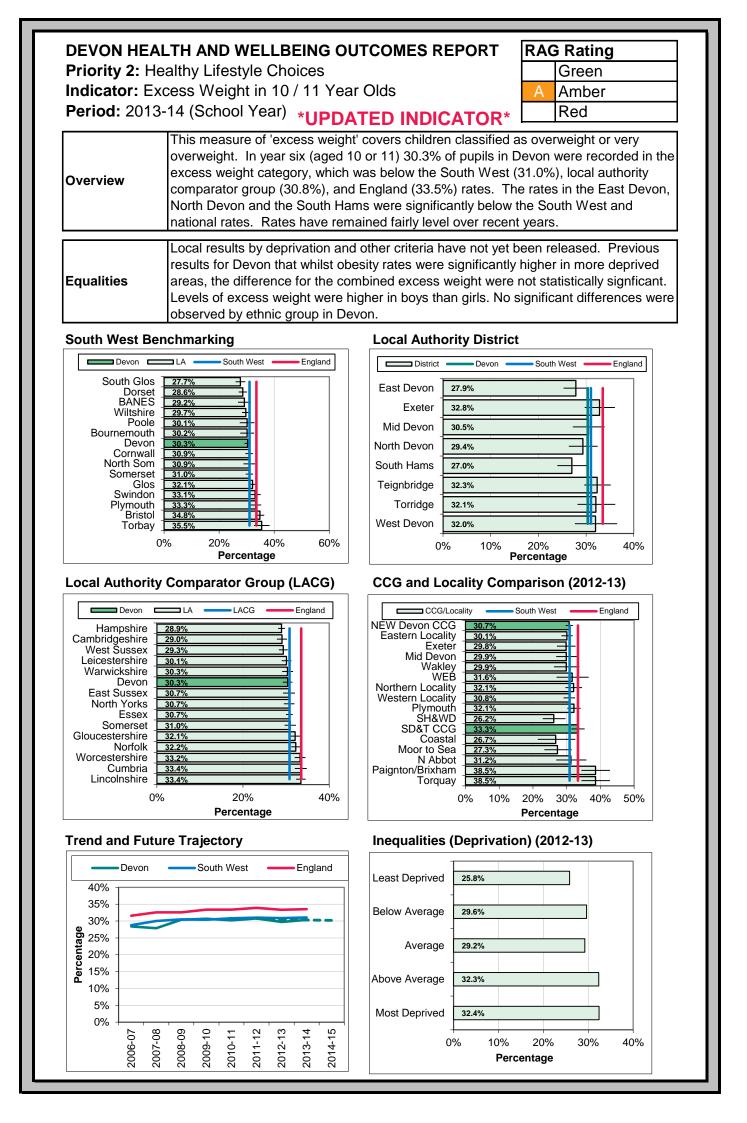
Description	Percentage of adults achieving at least 150 minutes of physical activity per week in accordance with UK CMO recommended guidelines on physical activity.	
Source	Sport England's Active People Survey (APS) http://www.sportengland.org/research.aspx	
Update Frequency	Annually, around eight months in arrears (2014 update expected August 2015)	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.13 will relate to physical activity / inactivity - indicator still in development and likely to deviate from this measure.	
Detailed Specification	The number of respondents aged 16 and over, with valid responses to questions on physical activity, doing at least 150 "equivalent" minutes of at least moderate intensity physical activity per week in bouts of 10 minutes or more in the previous 28 days expressed as a percentage of the total number of respondents aged 16.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.	
	Health and Wellbeing Devon	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices Indicator: Excess Weight in Four to Five Year Olds Period: 2013-14 (School Year)

Description	Proportion of children aged 4-5 (reception year) classified as overweight or very overweight.	
Source	Health and Social Care Information Centre and Devon Public Health Intelligence Team	
Update Frequency	Annually, four months after end of school year (2014-15 due December 2015).	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.06i	
Detailed Specification	Number of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as overweight or very overweight in the academic year as percentage of all children with height and weight recorded. Children are classified as overweight (including very overweight) if their BMI is on or above the 85th centile of the British 1990 growth reference (UK90) according to age and sex. Results obtained from National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) covering children attending participating state maintained schools in England.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is based on 0.1% per annum fall.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.	
	Health and Wellbeing Devon	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices Indicator: Excess Weight in 10 / 11 Year Olds Period: 2013-14 (School Year)

Description	Proportion of children aged 10-11 (year) classified as overweight or very overweight.	
Source	Health and Social Care Information Centre and Devon Public Health Intelligence Team	
Update Frequency	Annually, four months after end of school year (2014-15 due December 2015).	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.06ii	
Detailed Specification	Number of children in Year Six (aged 10-11 years) classified as overweight or very overweight in the academic year as percentage of all children with height and weight recorded. Children are classified as overweight (including very overweight) if their BMI is on or above the 85th centile of the British 1990 growth reference (UK90) according to age and sex. Results obtained from National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) covering children attending participating state maintained schools in England.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is based on 0.1% per annum fall.	
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	Health and Wellbeing Devon	

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

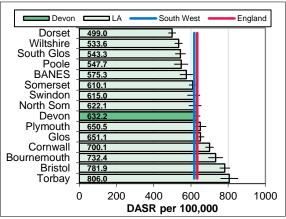
Indicator: Alcohol-Related Admissions (narrow definition) **Period:** Year to June 2014 **RAG** Rating

Green

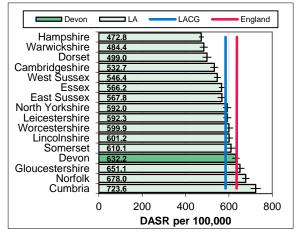
A Amber Red

Overview	Using the narrow definition from the Public Health Outcomes Framework, there were around 4,935 alcohol-related admissions to hospital for Devon residents between July 2013 and June 2014. The Direct Age Standardised Rate of Admissions (632.2 per 100,000) is broadly in line with the South West and national rates but significantly above the local authority comparator group rate. Rates within Devon are highest in Exeter and North Devon. Admission rates are higher in more deprived areas.
Equalities	Alcohol-Related Admission rates vary by age, with the highest rates in older age groups, reflecting the long-term effects of alcohol-use through life. Acute admissions (accidents and poisonings) are most common in young adults, mental health admissions in persons in their 40s and 50s, and admissions for chronic conditions in older age groups. Admission rates are higher for males than females.

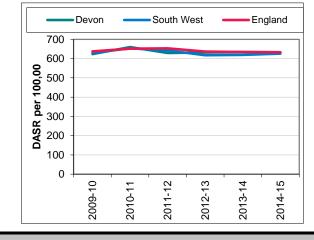
South West Benchmarking



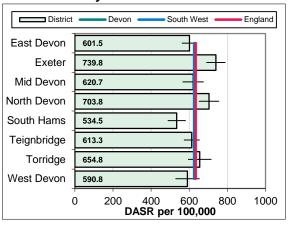
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



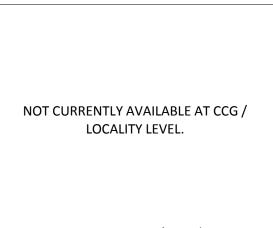
Trend and Future Trajectory



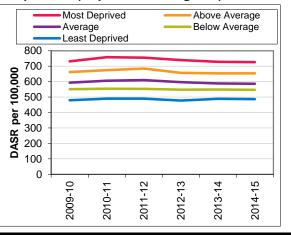
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



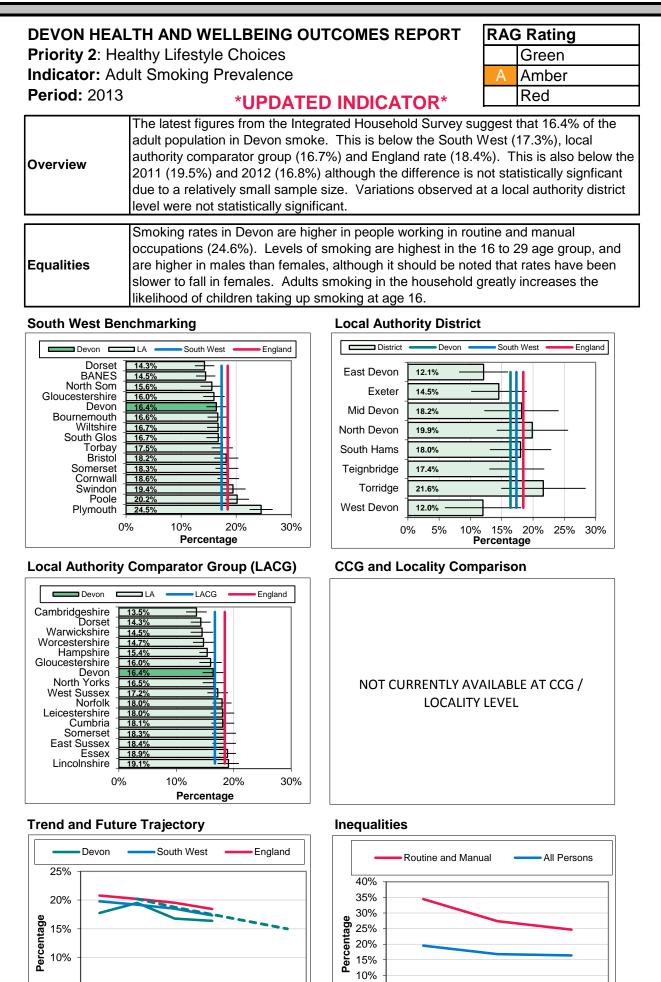
Inequalities (Deprivation - England)

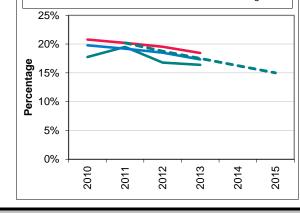


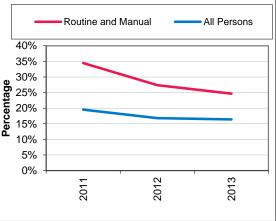
INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle ChoicesIndicator: Alcohol-Related Admissions (narrow definition)Period: Year to June 2014

Description	Direct age-standarised rate of hospital admissions involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol-related external cause per 100,000 population.
Source	North West Public Health Observatory (nationally published data) and Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (local breakdowns)
Update Frequency	Quarterly - typically three months in arrears.
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.18
Detailed Specification	Admissions to hospital involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol- related external cause. Admissions of children under 16 were only included if they had an alcohol-specific diagnosis i.e. where the attributable fraction = 1, meaning that the admission is treated as being wholly attributable to alcohol. For other conditions, estimates of the alcohol-attributable fraction were not available for children. A detailed definition of the numerator data used for this indicator can be found at: www.lape.org.uk/downloads/Lape_guidance_and_methods.pdf
Chart Notes South West	Compares Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Will be changed to upper tier / unitary local authority analysis in 2013-14. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within England based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.
	Health and Wellbeing



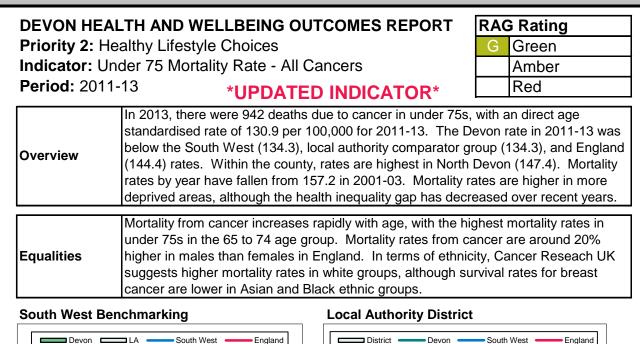




INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices **Indicator:** Adult Smoking Prevalence **Period:** 2013

Description	Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who smoke
Source	Office for National Statistics Integrated Household Survey. Analysed by DH and published by LHO.
Update Frequency	Annually, next update due late 2015
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.14
Detailed Specification	The number of persons aged 18+ who are self-reported smokers in the Integrated Household Survey. The number of respondents has been weighted in order to improve representativeness of the sample. The weights take into account survey design and non-response. Denominator is Total number of respondents (with valid recorded smoking status) aged 18+ in the Integrated Household Survey. The number of respondents has been weighted in order to improve representativeness of the sample. The weights take into account survey design and non-response.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares smoking prevalence in routine and manual occupation groups with the overall prevalence over time.
	Health and Wellbeing Devon



East Devon

Mid Devon

North Devon

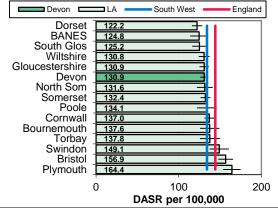
South Hams

Teignbridge

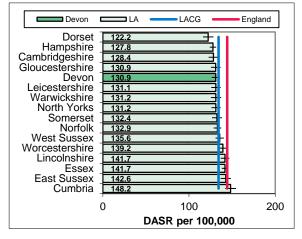
West Devon

Torridge

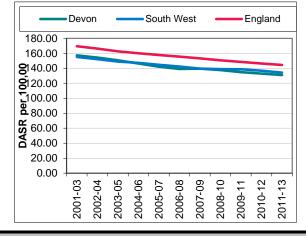
Exeter



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)







CCG and Locality Comparison

125.1

135.9

119.3

147.4

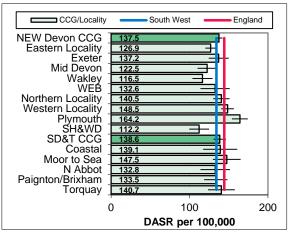
119.8

138.0

132.2

128.2

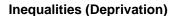
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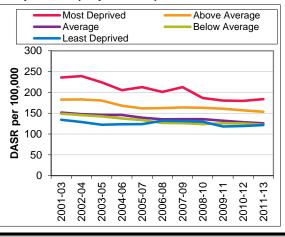


50 100 ... DASR per 100,000

150

200





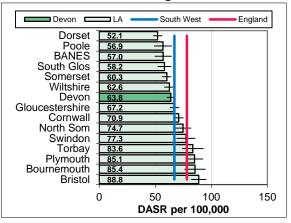
INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers Period: 2011-13

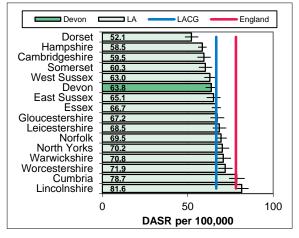
Description	Direct age-standardised rate (DASR) of mortality from all cancers in persons less than 75 years per 100,000 population
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually, nine months in arrears (2014 results due October 2015)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.05i, NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.4
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from all cancers (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD codes C00-C97) registered in the respective calendar years, in people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Population for people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used for this
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.
	Committed to promoting health equality

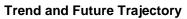
DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT **RAG** Rating Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices Green Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Circulatory Diseases Amber Period: 2011-13 Red ***UPDATED INDICATOR*** In 2013, there were 500 circulatory deaths in under 75s, with an direct age standardised rate of 63.8 per 100,000 for 2011-13. The Devon rate in 2011-13 was below the South West (67.1), local authority comparator group (66.7) and England Overview (78.2) rates. Within the county, rates are highest in Exeter and Torridge. Mortality rates fell from 107.7 in 2001-03. Whilst rates have fallen more quickly in areas of above average deprivation, the gap persisted for those in the most deprived areas. Mortality from circulatory disease increases rapidly with age, with the highest mortality rates in under 75s in the 65 to 74 age group, and very few deaths in persons aged Equalities under 40. In Devon mortality rates are 2.5 times higher in males than females. In terms of ethnicity, the British Heart Foundation highlight that whilst risks did not vary considerably by ethnic group for females, white males were at higher risk.

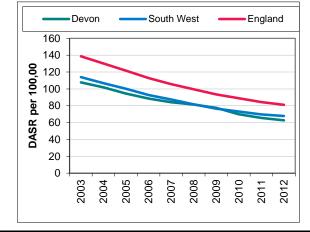
South West Benchmarking



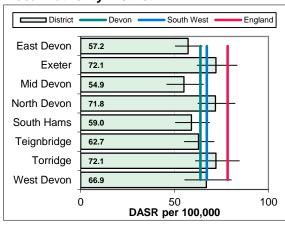
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



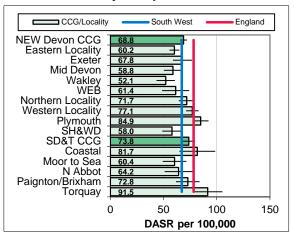




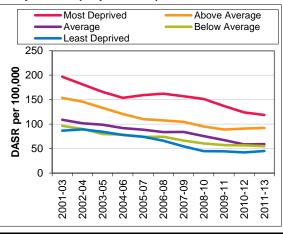
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



Inequalities (Deprivation)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

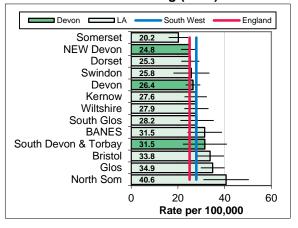
Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Circulatory Diseases Period: 2011-13

Description	Direct age-standardised rate (DASR) of mortality from all cardiovascular diseases (including heart disease and stroke) in persons less than 75 years per 100,000 population.	
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)	
Update Frequency	Annually, nine months in arrears (2014 results due October 2015)	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.04i, NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.1	
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from all cardiovascular diseases (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD codes 100-199) registered in the respective calendar years, in people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Population for people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used for	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.	
	Health and Wellbeing Devon Committed to promoting health equality	

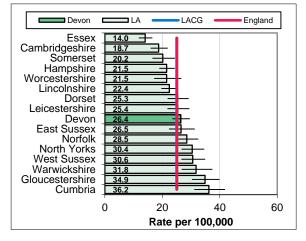
DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT	RAG Rating	
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age		Green
Indicator: Incidence of Clostridium Difficile		Amber
Period: 2013-14		Red

Overview	There were 302 cases of Clostridium Difficile in 2013-14 in Devon, Plymouth and Torbay. The incidence rate per 100,000 in Devon (26.4) was broadly in line with the South West (26.6), nearest neighbour (25.1) and England (25.0) rates. Infection rates have reduced over time, and a particularly notable fall was seen between 2011-12 and 2012-13 following the introduction of consistent national guidance for reporting.
Equalities	Incidence of Clostridium Difficile increases significantly with age, with a rate in 2012- 13 of 9.7 per 100,000 in those aged 40 to 59 compared to 282.0 per 100,000 for those aged 80 and over. This is a consequence of higher hospital admissions in these age groups, a greater likelihood of living in a communal establishment (care homes) and poorer general health. Rates are also higher in females and in more

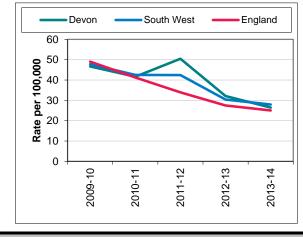
South West Benchmarking (CCG)



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



Trend and Future Trajectory



Local Authority District

LOCAL LEVEL

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A

CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

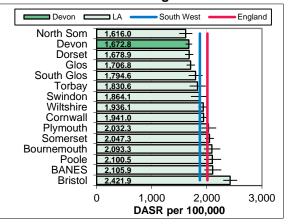
INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Incidence of Clostridium Difficile **Period:** 2013-14

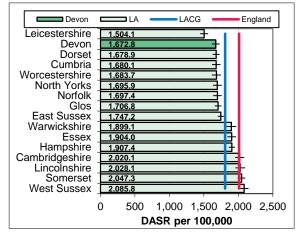
Description	Total number of Clostridium Difficile (acute trust and community attributable) detected in the period per 100,000 people aged 2 and over.	
Source	Public Health England HCAI (Health Care Associated Infection) Data Capture System	
Update Frequency	Annually around four months in arrears, 2014-15 expected in July 2015.	
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 5.2ii	
Detailed Specification	IMPORTANT NOTE: Due to changes to reporting, data are no longer produced on a local authority basis. These measures represent CCG numbers and rates attributed by 'best fit' to local authority areas. Where 'Devon' figures are shown these are the aggregate of the two local CCGs. Overall number of cases of C. difficile Indicator construction: Based on mandatory surveillance of C. difficile as reported to the Health Protection Agency Data Capture System. Denominator from ONS Mid Year Population Estimates (persons aged 2 and over). In line with national reporting processes, the rate is a crude rate and is not standardised by age group.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Devon and Clinical Commissioning Groups in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	No longer available at local authority level.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	No longer available for Clinical Commissioning Group localities or sub-localities.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	No longer available.	
	Health and Wellbeing	

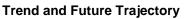
DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT			RAG Rating	
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age		G	Green	
Indicator: Injuries Due to Falls			Amber	
Period: 2012-13			Red	
Overview	There were 3,259 admissions due to falls in 2012-13 in Devon for people aged 65 and over. The age standardised rate per 100,000 was 1672.8 in Devon, which is below the South West (1875.6), local authority comparator group (1809.9) and England (2011.0) rates. The rate is Devon is the second lowest in the South West. Within Devon rates were significantly lower in Mid Devon (1363.2). Rates have fallen on 2010-11 levels (1737.6).			
Age standardised admission rates have remained consistently higher in the most deprived deprivation quintile. Whilst the gap narrowed in 2012-13, the rate is the most deprived areas (2233.1) was still 47% higher than the least deprived areas (1523.9). Rates increase sharply with age with an age-specific rate of 484.2 for persons aged 65 to 69, compared with 6146.8 for those aged 85 and over.		3, the rate is the deprived areas ate of 484.2 for		

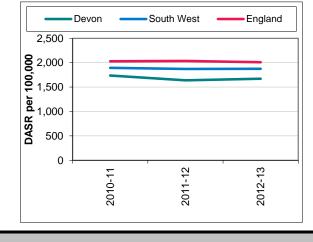
South West Benchmarking



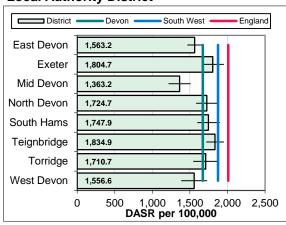
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



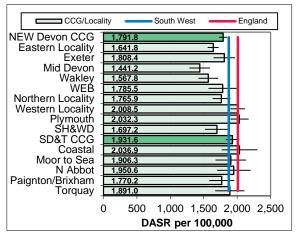




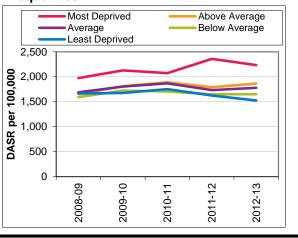
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



Inequalities



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

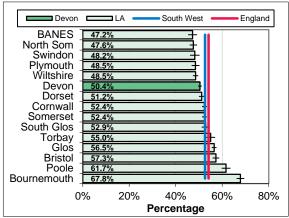
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Injuries Due to Falls **Period:** 2012-13

Description	Emergency hospital admissions for falls injuries in persons aged 65 and over, directly age-sex standardised rate per 100,000.	
Source	Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), Health and Social Care Information Centre: analysed nationally by West Midlands Knowledge and Information Team, and locally by Devon Public Health Intelligence Team	
Update Frequency	Annually, local update available two months after year end, national comparator data available around six months after year end (2013-14 national comparators due Autumn 2014).	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.24	
Detailed Specification	Emergency admissions for falls injuries classified by primary diagnosis code (ICD10 code S00-T98) and external cause (ICD10 code W00-W19) and an emergency admission code. Age at admission 65 and over.Counted by first finished consultant episode (excluding regular and day attenders) in financial year in which episode ended, by local authority and region of residence from the HES data. Population based on Local Authority estimates of resident population produced by ONS. Analysis uses the quinary age bands 65-69, 70-74, 75-79, 80-84 and 85+, by sex. Calculated using the 2013 European Standard Population.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on GP practice attributions. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time. Trajectory is projection to reach the national target of 67% by 2015.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).	
	Health and Wellbeing	

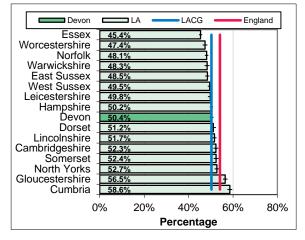
DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age
Indicator: Dementia Diagnosis RateRAG Rating
GreenPeriod: September 2014A Amber

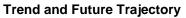
Overview	In September 2014, 6,964 people in Devon were on a GP register for dementia, compared with an expected prevalence of 13,813, this is a diagnosis rate of 50.4%. Rates in Devon have remained below the South West and England rates. Diagnosis rates have improved in recent years, increasing from 28.0% in 2006-07 and 44.9% in March 2014. The highest rates in Devon are seen in Teignbridge area (57.5%) and are particularly high in Newton Abbot (61.4%).
Equalities	There are no significant differences in Devon based on area deprivation. Dementia prevalence rates are higher in females. This, coupled with longer life expectancy, means females with dementia outnumber males by more than two to one. Prevalence rates for dementia increase rapidly with age, with one in 1400 affected under the age of 65, compared with more than one in five in those aged 85 and over.

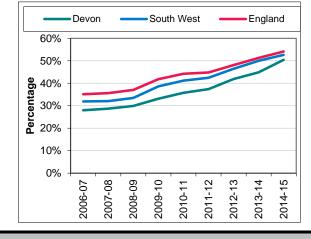
South West Benchmarking



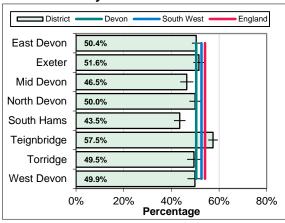
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



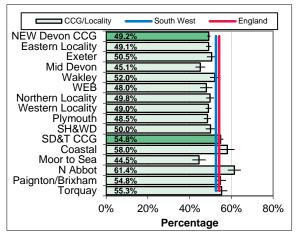




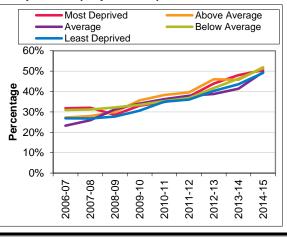
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



Inequalities (Deprivation)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Dementia Diagnosis Rate **Period:** September 2014

Description	Number of persons recorded on a GP Dementia Disease Register as a % of those in the area predicted to have dementia (using age and sex based estimates)	
Source	NHS Dementia Prevalence Calculator Primary Care Data Tool, Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Local GP Practice Deprivation Quintiles)	
Update Frequency	Quarterly, typically three to four weeks in arrears	
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.6i, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.11 - not yet finalised as new dementia prevalence estimates are currently being devised to inform the frameworks.	
Detailed Specification	Numerator is the number of people on a GP practice dementia disease register at the end of the given period and reported through the Quality and Outcomes Framework. Numbers predicted to have dementia apply local GP practice population in quinary age bands to age and sex specific dementia prevalence rates from the 2007 Dementia UK prevalence study. Rate divides the number on the QOF register by the predicted number with dementia to give the percentage diagnosed. GP practice numerators and denominators are aggregated to areas based on location of practice.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Former Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on GP practice attributions. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).	
	Health and Wellbeing	

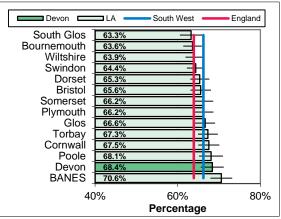
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Feel Supported to Manage Own Condition **Period:** 2013-14 **RAG** Rating

G Green Amber

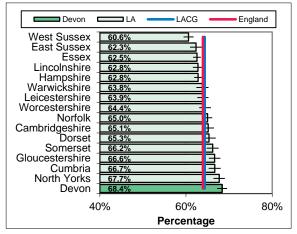
Red

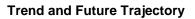
Overview	In Devon during 2013-14, 68.4% of people with a long-term condition in the GP survey, felt they had enough support to manage their own condition. This is significantly higher than national (63.9%), South West (66.2%) and local authority comparator group (64.3%) rates. Rates in NEW Devon CCG (67.5%) and South Devon and Torbay CCG (68.4%) were broadly similar, and highest in the Moor-to-Sea locality (73.9%). Rates have also increased on 2012-13 levels.
Equalities	There was no clear relationship between feeling supported to manage their own condition and deprivation. National results reveal the older age groups (85 and over, 69.2%) feel better supported than younger age groups (18 to 24, 58.2%), males (65.3%) feel better supported than females (62.0%), and minority ethnic groups feel less well supported.

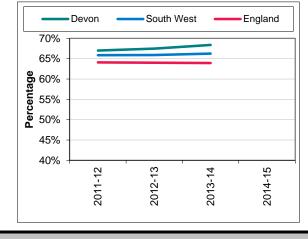
South West Benchmarking



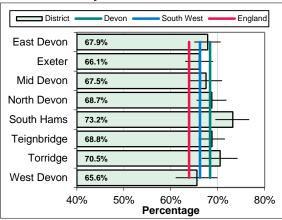
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



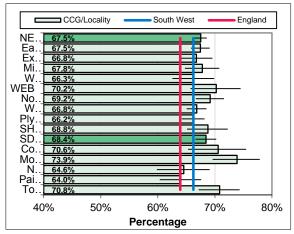




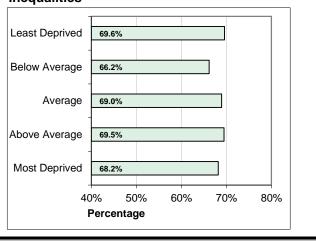
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



Inequalities



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Feel Supported to Manage Own Condition **Period:** 2013-14 Q1-Q2

Description	Weighted percentage of people feeling supported to manage their condition.	
Source	NHS GP Patient Survey	
Update Frequency	Two times a year, next update due January 2015.	
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.1	
Detailed Specification	Numerator: For people who answer yes to the Question 30 "Do you have a long- standing health condition", the numerator is the total number of 'Yes, definitely' or 'Yes, to some extent' answers to GPPS Question 32: In the last 6 months, have you had enough support from local services or organisations to help you manage your long-term condition(s)? Please think about all services and organisations, not just health services • Yes, definitely • Yes, to some extent • No • I have not needed such support • Don't know/can't say. Responses weighted according to the following 0-100 scale: "No" = 0 "Yes, to some extent" = 50 "Yes, definitely" = 100.	
Chart Notes South West		
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on GP practice attributions. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.		
Chart Notes Inequalities		
	Health and Wellbeing Devon	

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness) **Period:** 2013-14

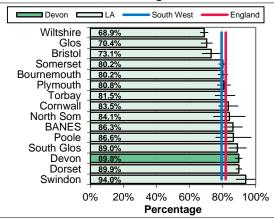
RAG Rating

G Green

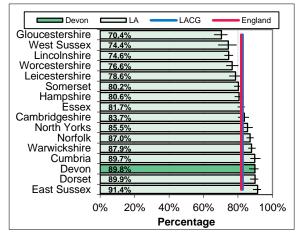
Amber Red

Overview	In 2013-14, reablement services were effective for 89.8% of older people who received the service in Devon, which was significantly higher than the South West (79.4%), local authority comparator group (82.6%) and England (81.9%). The rate ncreased from 87.9% in 2012-13. Within Devon the highest rates were seen in Exeter (96.9%).	
Equalities	There is no significant link between the effectiveness of reablement services and deprivation levels in Devon.	

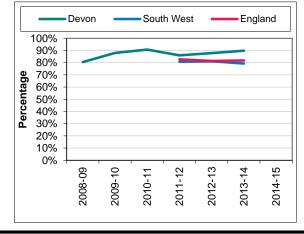
South West Benchmarking



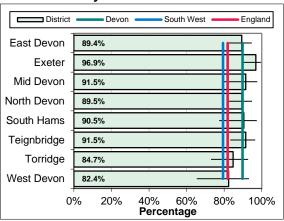
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



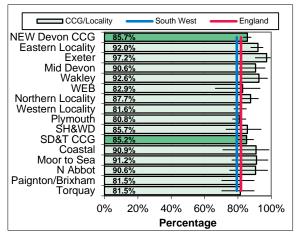




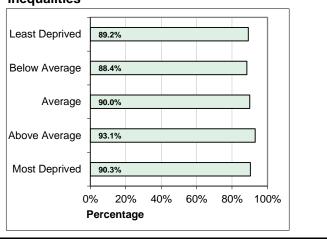
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



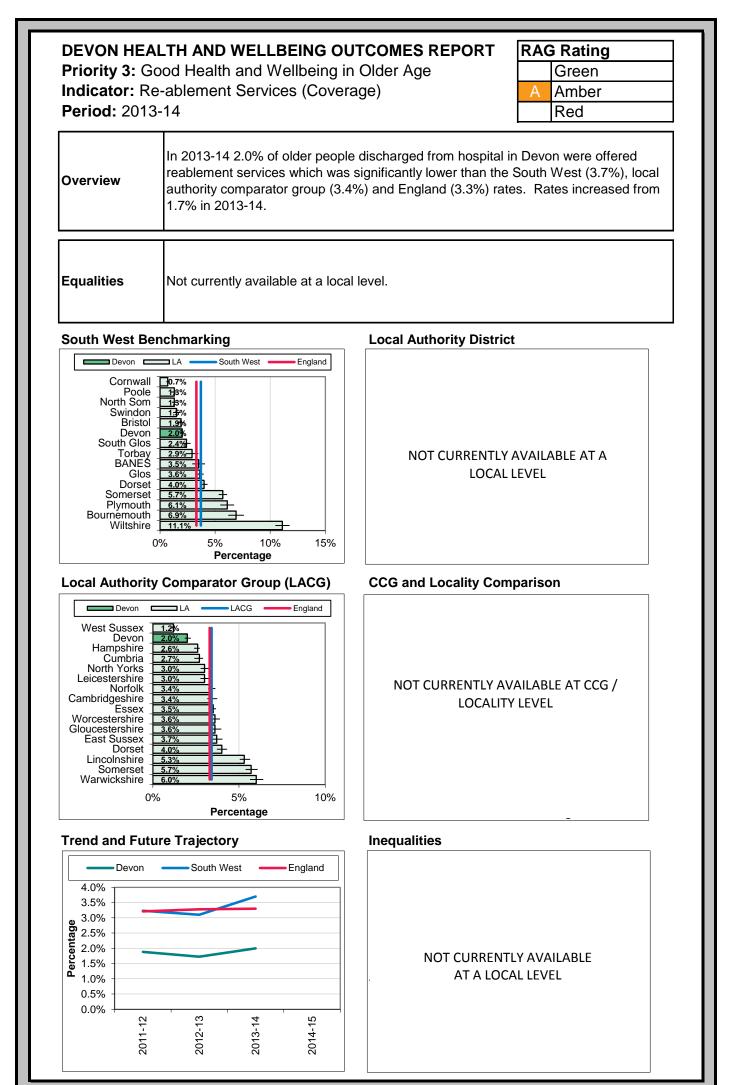
Inequalities



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness) **Period:** 2013-14

Description	Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehabilitation services.		
Source	Adult Social Care Combined Activity Return. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)		
Update Frequency	Annually around four months in arrears.		
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 2B Part 1		
Detailed Specification	The proportion of older people aged 65 and over discharged from hospital to their own home or to a residential or nursing care home or extra care housing for rehabilitation, with a clear intention that they will move on/back to their own home (including a place in extra care housing or an adult placement scheme setting), who are at home or in extra care housing or an adult placement scheme setting 91 days after the date of their discharge from hospital		
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.		
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.		
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on local GP practice deprivation quintiles. Calculated using the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation).		
	Committed to promoting health equality		



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age Indicator: Re-ablement Services (Coverage) Period: 2013-14

Description	Proportion of older people (65 and over) offered reablement services following discharge from hospital.		
Source	Adult Social Care Combined Activity Return and Hospital Episode Statistics. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group)		
Update Frequency	Annually around four months in arrears.		
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 2B Part 2		
Detailed Specification	The number of older people (65 and over) offered reablement services as a proportion of the total number of older people discharged from hospitals based on Hospital Episode Statitstics (HES)		
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Local Authority	IRates cannot currently be calculated at a local level		
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.		
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.		
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.		
	Health and Wellbeing Devon		

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age
Indicator: Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days
Period: 2011-12

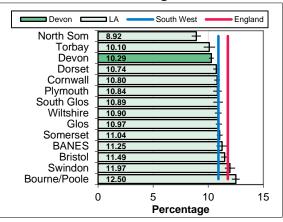


Green

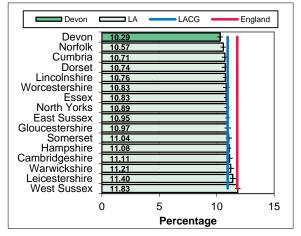
A Amber Red

Overview	In Devon in 2011-12, 10.29% of patients discharged after an emergency admission were readmitted within 30 days. This is significantly below the South West (10.93%), local authority comparator group (10.95%) and England (11.78%) rates. The rate in Devon was the third lowest in the South West and the lowest in the local authority comparator group. Exeter (11.72%) had a readmission rate above the South West and Devon rate. Readmission rates have increased over time, but slowed recently.
Equalities	There is no local data currently available on the pattern by deprivation, age, sex and other factors, although reports are in development. National data highlights higher readmission rates in more deprived areas, ranging from 13.05% in the most deprived group to 10.53% in the least deprived group. Readmission rates are higher amongst males (12.13%, compared with 11.46% for females).

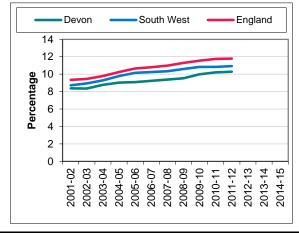
South West Benchmarking



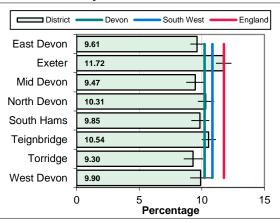
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



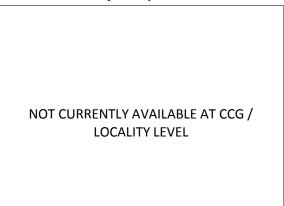
Trend and Future Trajectory



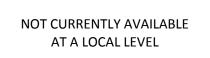
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison



Inequalities

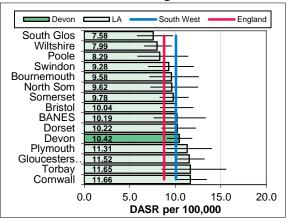


INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

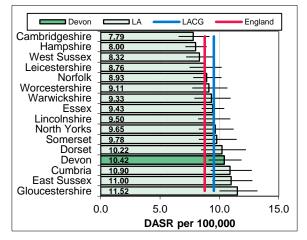
Priority 3: Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age **Indicator:** Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days **Period:** 2011-12

Description	Percentage of emergency admissions occurring within 30 days of the last, previous discharge after admission			
Source	Health and Social Care Information Centre (Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) and the Compendium of population health indicators)			
Update Frequency	Annually, around 22 months in arrears (2012-13 due February 2014), more timely local performance reporting currently being developed by NEW Devon CCG Business Intelligence Team			
Outcomes Framework	NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 3b, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.11			
Detailed Specification	Percentage of emergency admissions occurring within 30 days of the last, previous discharge after admission, Indirectly standardised rate (excludes cancer and obstetrics)			
Chart Notes South West	Compares Former Primary Care Trusts in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.			
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.			
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.			
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.			
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.			
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level as this is a new survey with no previous trend information available.			
	Health and Wellbeing			

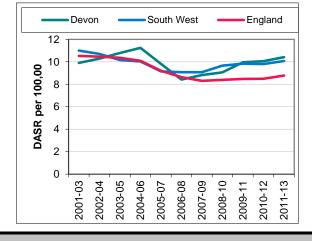
DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT		RA	RAG Rating	
Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities			Green	
Indicator: Suicide Rate		Α	Amber	
Period: 20	Period: 2011-13 *UPDATED INDICATOR*		Red	
Overview	Around 65 deaths per annum are registered as suicide or injury undetermined (open verdict), with an direct age standardised rate of 10.4 per 100,000. This was above the South West (10.1), local authority comparator group (9.5) and England (8.8) rates. Within the county, rates are similar between districts, with no significantly higher rates. Whilst year-on-year variations are seen due to the small numbers involved, rates in Devon have typically remained around or slightly above the national rate.			
EqualitiesThere are no significant differences in suicide rates based on area deprivation in Devon. Differences by sex are notable, and tend to be low and stable for females and higher and more variable in males. Suicide rates are highest for people in the 40s and 50s and are relatively low for persons in their teens and 20s.				



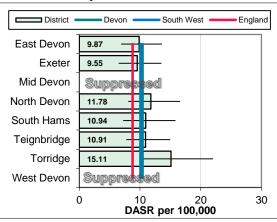
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



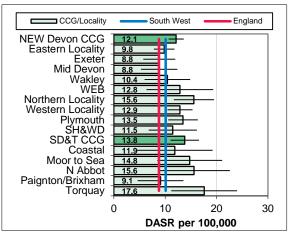


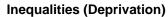


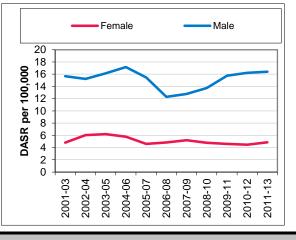
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison







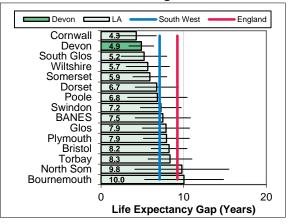
INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities Indicator: Suicide Rate Period: 2011-13

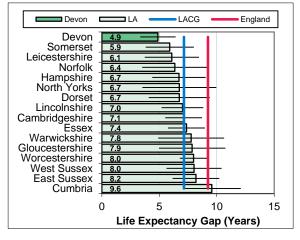
Description	Direct age-standardised mortality rate (DASR) from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population		
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)		
Update Frequency	nnually, nine months in arrears (2014 results due October 2015)		
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.10		
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD10 codes X60-X84 (all ages), Y10-Y34 (ages 15+ only) registered in the respective calendar years, aggregated into quinary age bands, with corresponding mid-year population totals. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. New 2013 European Standard population used.		
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.		
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.		
	Health and Wellbeing		

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT	RAG Rating			
Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities	G Green			
Indicator: Male Life Expectancy Gap	Amber			
Period: 2010 to 2012	Red			
The Slope Index of Inequality compares life expectancy in the most deprived and				

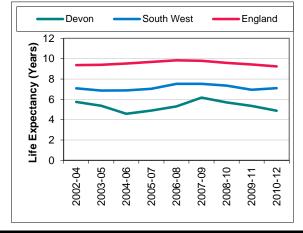
Overview	least deprived communities within an area's population, revealing the gap in life expectancy in years. For males in Devon the gap is 4.9 years which is significantly lower than the gaps for the South West (7.1), the local authority comparator group (7.1), and England (9.2). Gaps were significantly below the national average in all Devon districts except North Devon. The gap has decreased slightly recently.
Equalities	As the slope index of inequality compare the most and least deprived communities within an area's population, the smaller gap seen is partly a product of less severe social inequalities compared to other areas. The gap is more notable at the extremes with a 12.5 year gap in life expectancy at an electoral ward level. The life expectancy gap is much larger for males than females.



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



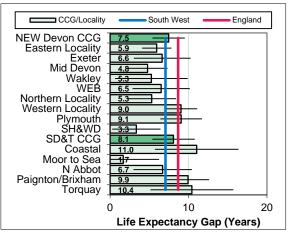




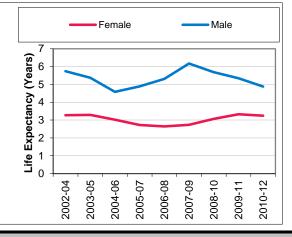
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison (2007-11)







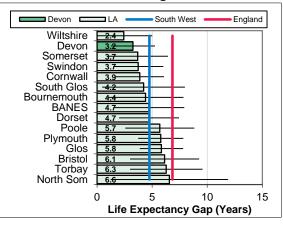
INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities **Indicator:** Male Life Expectancy Gap **Period:** 2010 to 2012

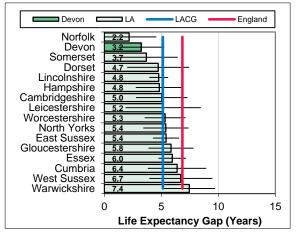
Description	Estimated gap in male life expectancy in years between the most and least deprived communities in a given area		
Source	Slope Index of Inequality, Association of Public Health Observatories, London and East Midlands Public Health Observatories (now Public Health England), CCG figures derived by Devon Public Health Intelligence Team		
Update Frequency	Annually, typically around 12 months in arrears		
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework, Overarching Indicator 0.2 (indicator altered to cover three year period)		
Detailed Specification	Local authority populations divided into 10 local deciles using Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 at a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level. Life expectancy calculated for each local decile using Office for National Statistics annual mortality extracts and mid-year population estimates. Regression analysis performed across 10 local deciles to produce estimated gap in life expectancy in years within area.		
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.		
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.		
Chart Notes Inequalities	Shows overall average life expectancy for the most deprived 10% of the population and least deprived 10% of the population and other groups over time.		
	Health and Wellbeing		

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT		RAG Rating		
Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities	G	Green		
Indicator: Female Life Expectancy Gap		Amber		
Period: 2010 to 2012		Red		
The Slope Index of Inequality compares life expectancy in the most deprived and				

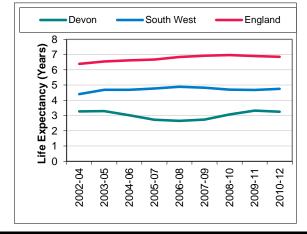
Overview	least deprived communities within an area's population, revealing the gap in life expectancy in years. For females in Devon the gap is 3.2 years which is lower than the gaps for the South West (4.8), the local authority comparator group (5.1), and England (6.8). The gap was also significantly below the national average in East Devon, Torridge and West Devon. The gap has decreased slightly over time.
Equalities	As the slope index of inequality compare the most and least deprived communities within an area's population, the smaller gap seen is partly a product of less severe social inequalities compared to other areas. The gap is more notable at the extremes with a 12.5 year gap in life expectancy at an electoral ward level. The life expectancy gap is much larger for males than females.



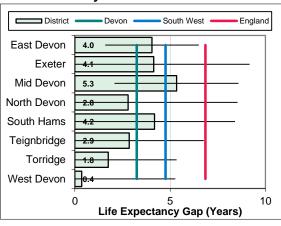
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



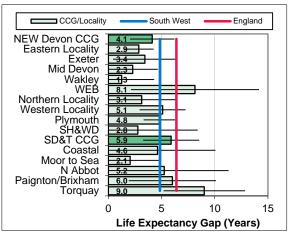
Trend and Future Trajectory



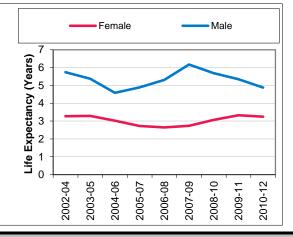
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison (2007-11)



Inequalities (Sex)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities **Indicator:** Female Life Expectancy Gap **Period:** 2010 to 2012

Description	Estimated gap in female life expectancy in years between the most and least deprived communities in a given area	
Source	Slope Index of Inequality, Association of Public Health Observatories, London and East Midlands Public Health Observatories (now Public Health England), CCG figures derived by Devon Public Health Intelligence Team	
Update Frequency	Annually, typically around 12 months in arrears	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework, Overarching Indicator 0.2 (indicator altered to cover three year period)	
Detailed Specification	Local authority populations divided into 10 local deciles using Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 at a Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level. Life expectancy calculated for each local decile using Office for National Statistics annual mortality extracts and mid-year population estimates. Regression analysis performed across 10 local deciles to produce estimated gap in life expectancy in years within area.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Shows overall average life expectancy for the most deprived 10% of the population and least deprived 10% of the population and other groups over time.	
	Health and Wellbeing	

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities
Indicator: Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score %)
Period: 2013-14

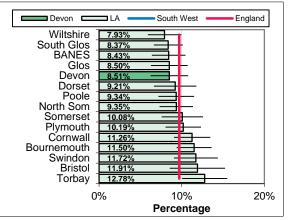
RAG Rating

G Green Amber

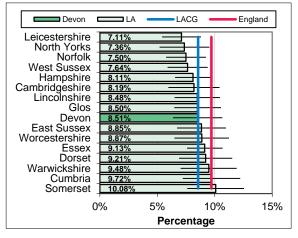
Red

Overview	Low happiness score is one of four self-reported wellbeing measures in the Public Health Outcomes Framework, with others covering life satisfaction, feeling worthwhile and anxiety. Within Devon, 8.51% of the population had a low happiness score (ranked 0-4 on a scale of 10) on the index compared with 9.71% for the South West, 8.55% in the local authority comparator group and 9.71% in England overall. The percentage with a low happiness score is falling over time.
Equalities	No local information is available based on area deprivation or other characteristics. National findings highlight that self-reported wellbeing tends to be poorer in more deprived areas. There is a notable pattern by age with younger people and older people with higher levels of wellbeing than people in their 40s and 50s (known as the U shaped curve of happiness).

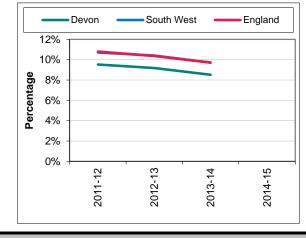
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



Trend and Future Trajectory



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

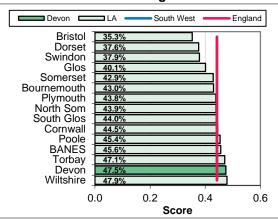
INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities Indicator: Self-Reported Wellbeing Period: 2013-14

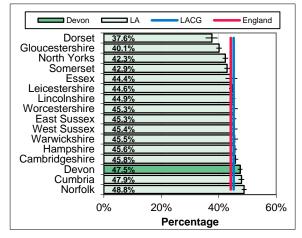
Description	Self-reported well-being - percentage of people with a low happiness score	
Source	Office for National Statistics Integrated Household Survey. Experimental Statistics from 2011 onwards.	
Update Frequency	Annually, six to eight months in arrears (2014/15 update due Autumn 2015)	
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.23iii	
Detailed Specification	The percentage of respondents who answered 0-4 to the question "Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?"ONS are currently measuring individual/subjective well- being based on four questions included on the Integrated Household Survey. Responses are given on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is "not at all happy" and 10 is "completely happy")The first full year data from these questions was published by ONS in July 2012 and are being treated as experimental statistics. In the ONS report, the percentage of people scoring 0-6 and 7-10 have been calculated for this indicator.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.	
Chart Notes Trend	Trend data not currently available.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level as this is a new survey with no previous trend information available.	
	Health and Wellbeing	

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT		RA	RAG Rating	
Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities		G	Green	
Indicator: Social Contentedness			Amber	
Period: 2013-14			Red	
47.5% of social care users surveyed in Devon in 2013-14 reported being satisfied with their social situation. This was significantly above South West (44.3%), local authority comparator group (45.2%) and England (44.2%) rates. Within Devon whilst there is				

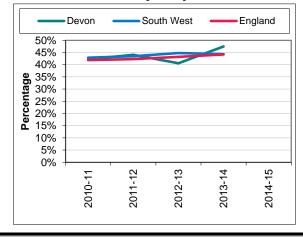
Overview	some variation in responses at district level, smaller sample sizes mean the differences are not statistically significant. Rates increased significantly on 2012-13 levels.
Equalities	Female social care users in Devon reported being more satisfied with their social situation than male social care users. Social care users with Learning Disabilities reported being the most satisfied with their level of social contact compared with other client groups.



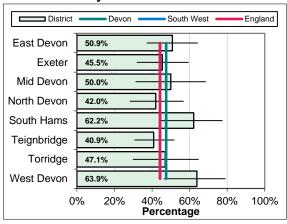
Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



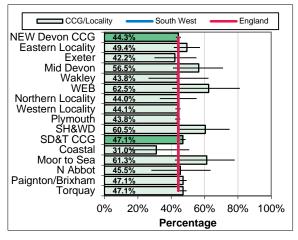
Trend and Future Trajectory



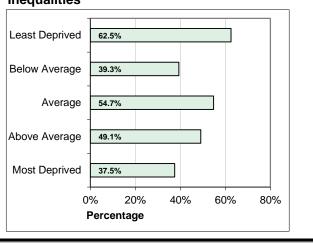
Local Authority District



CCG and Locality Comparison





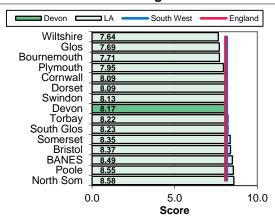


INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

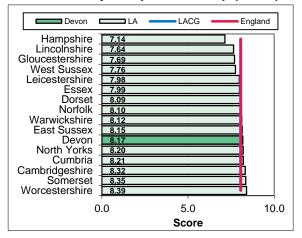
Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities Indicator: Social Contentedness Period: 2013-14

Description	Proportion of people who use services who reported that they had as much social contact as they would like.	
Source	Adult Social Care Survey and Carers Survey. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)	
Update Frequency	Annually for social care users, around four months in arrears. Bi-annually for Carers, around four months in arrears.	
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1i, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.18	
Detailed Specification	The percentage of users responding "I have as much contact as I want with people I like" and carers choosing "I have as much contact as I want" to questions based on their social situation in the Adult Social Care Survey and Carers Survey. Currently just measuring social care users. Measures for users and carers will be presented separately	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level <u>www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps</u> . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.	
	Health and Wellbeing	
	Committed to promoting health equality	

DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT RAG Rating		B Rating	
Priority 4: St	Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities		Green
Indicator: Carer Reported Quality of Life			Amber
Period: 2012	Period: 2012-13		Red
Overview This measure gives an overarching view of the quality of life of carers based on outcomes identified through research by the Personal Social Services Research I. This is the only current measure related to quality of life for carers available, and supports a number of the most important outcomes identified by carers themselve which adult social care contributes. The carer reported quality of life in Devon is i line with both the South West and national average.		rices Research Unit. available, and carers themselves to	
Equalities	Not currently available at a local level.		



Local Authority Comparator Group (LACG)



Trend and Future Trajectory

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

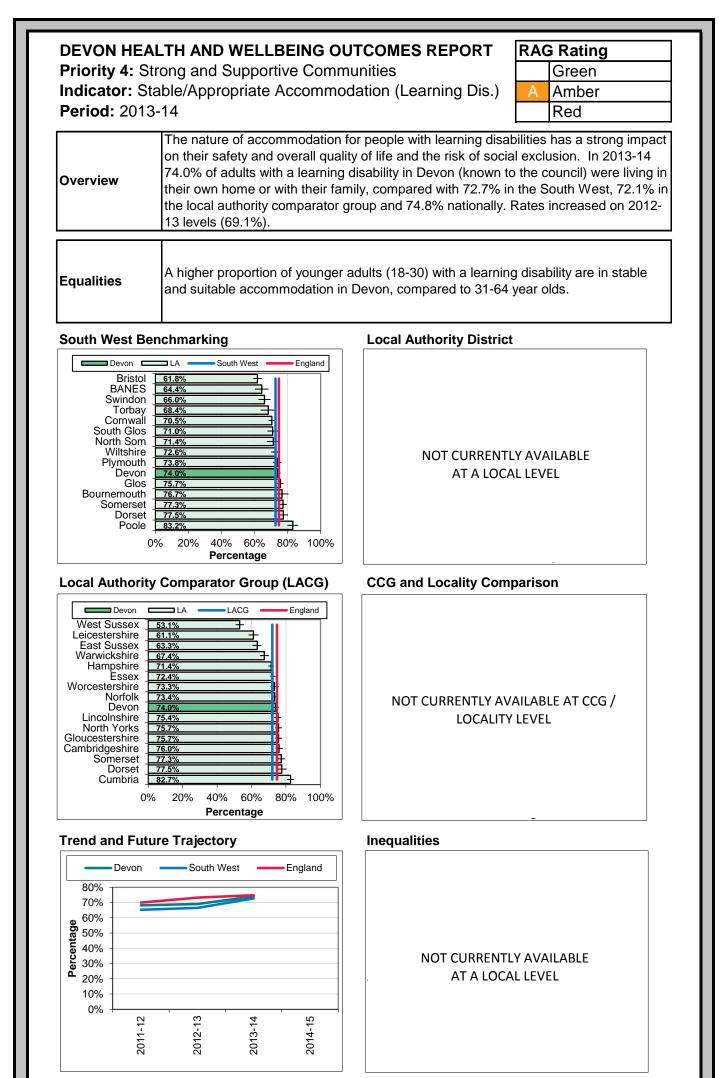
Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities **Indicator:** Carer Reported Quality of Life **Period:** 2012-13

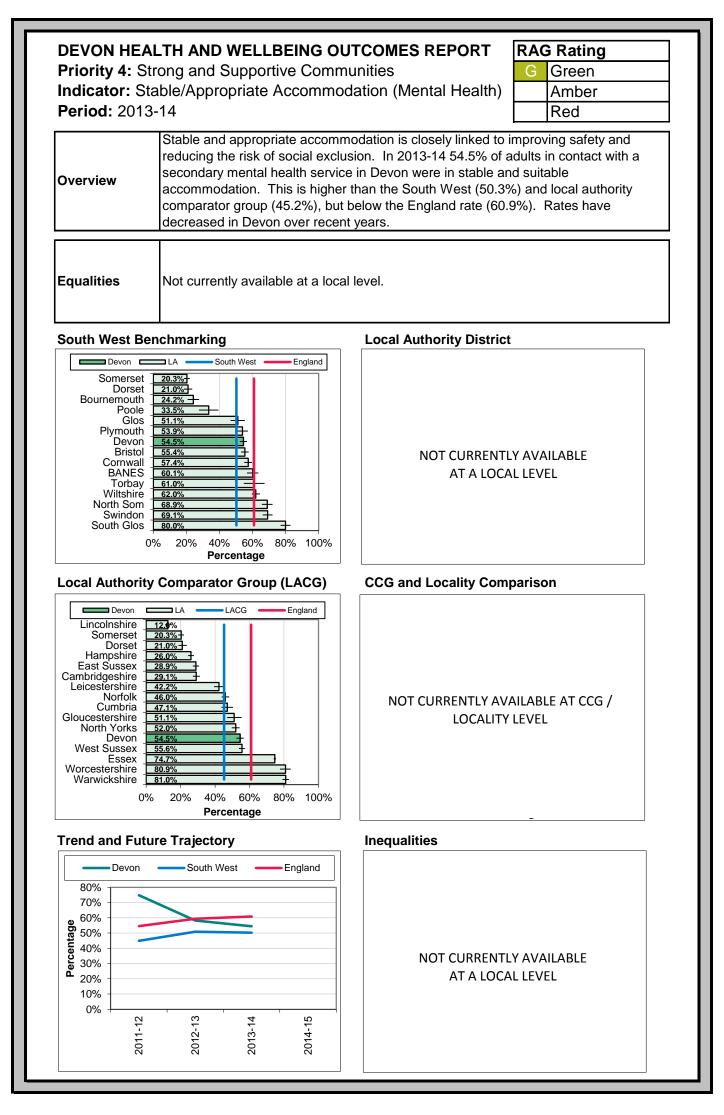
Description	Carer Reported Quality of Life	
Source	Carers Survey. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (Local Authority District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)	
Update Frequency	Bi-annually, around four months in arrears after year end. 2014-15 due July 2015.	
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1D	
Detailed Specification	This is a composite measure which combines individual responses to six questions measuring different outcomes related to overall quality of life. These outcomes are mapped to six domains (occupation, control, personal care, safety, social participation and encouragement and support). Responses to the questions indicate whether the carer has unmet needs in any of the six areas. The measure gives an overall score based on repondents' self-reported quality of life across the six questions. All six questions are given equal weight.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar not calculable.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Not yet available.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar not calculable.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Not yet available.	
Chart Notes Trend	First year reported so not available.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Not yet available.	
	Health and Wellbeing Devon Committed to promoting health equality	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities **Indicator:** Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Learning Dis.) **Period:** 2013-14

Description	Proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family.	
Source	Adult Social Care Combined Activity Return. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (SW Benchmarking, Trend and Comparator Group) DCC Management Information Team (District, Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)	
Update Frequency	Annually, around four months in arrears.	
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1G, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.6	
Detailed Specification	The proportion of all adults with a learning disability who are known to the council, who are recorded as living in their own home or with their family. The definition of individuals 'known to the council' is currently restricted to those adults with a learning disability (with a primary client group of LD) who have been assessed or reviewed by the council during the year (irrespective of whether or not they receive a service) or who should have been reviewed but were not.	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.	
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.	
	Health and Wellbeing Devon Committed to promoting health equality	



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive CommunitiesIndicator: Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Mental Health)Period: 2013-14

Description	Proportion of adults in contact with secondary mental health services living independently, with or without support.	
Source	Mental Health Minimum Data Set v4. National Adult Social Care Intelligence Service (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group)	
Update Frequency	Annually, around four months in arrears.	
Outcomes Framework	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework Indicator 1H, Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.6	
Detailed Specification	The percentage of adults receiving secondary mental health services living independently at the time of their most recent assessment, formal review or other multi-disciplinary care planning meeting	
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.	
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.	
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.	
Chart Notes Trend	Trend data not currently available.	
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.	
	Health and Wellbeing	