HEALTH AND WELLBEING OUTCOMES REPORT 6TH MARCH 2014 DEVON HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD UPDATES ONLY VERSION

The Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy has four priority areas and the selected indicators in this report align to these. Further to this, there are three types of indicators reflecting how the board will address the issue in question. These three types are:

Challenge Indicators – these cover areas where outcomes are poor, where inequalities are widening locally, or areas which are critical to future plans to improve health and wellbeing. The board will monitor these indicators and challenge current processes and practices in lead organisations in these areas.

Monitoring 'Watching Brief' Indicators – these cover areas where local outcomes are positive or where improvements have been made. The role of the board will be to monitor these indicators and intervene should outcomes deteriorate.

Commissioning Improvement Indicators – these are indicators for areas where joint working is required to improve outcomes and where the board will need to play a more active role in coordinating local commissioning.

Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy indicators are set out in the grid on the next page, grouped against the four Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy priorities and three indicator types. The outcomes framework they align to is identified within brackets. Given the remit of the board, the Public Health Outcomes Framework, Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework and NHS Outcomes Framework all figure prominently.

There are six main analyses in each individual indicator report:

South West Benchmarking – showing the position of Devon relative to other upper tier or unitary authorities in the South West, the South West rate and the national rate.

Local Authority District – highlighting differences within Devon between local authority districts.

Local Authority Comparator Group – showing Devon's position relative to the national family of peer authorities

Clinical Commissioning Group and Locality Comparison – highlighting differences within Devon between the Clinical Commissioning Groups and sub localities.

Trend and Future Trajectory – showing change over time on the selected indicator compared to the South West and England, and where available a future trajectory based on local targets or ambitions.

Inequalities – illustrating the extent of inequalities within Devon for the selected indicator. These will typically focus on social deprivation, but may relate to age, sex or other factors as appropriate.

Indicators which have been updated since the last report are marked as: *UPDATED INDICATOR*

Any queries on this report should be directed to the Devon Public Health Intelligence Team at



Indicator List

Priority	RAG	Indicator	Type	Trend	Dev/SW/Eng
	Α	Children in Poverty	Chall		
1. A Focus	G	Early Years Foundation Score*	Chall	-	
on Children	G	Smoking at Time of Delivery	Watch	}	
and Families	Α	Teenage Conception Rate	Watch	<i>}</i>	
	-	Child/Adolescent Mental Health Access Measure	Improve	-	-
	R	Hospital Admissions for Self-Harm, Aged 0 to 17	Improve	\	
	G	Proportion of Physically Active Adults	Chall	-	
	Α	Excess Weight in Four / Five Year Olds	Chall	$\left. \left. \left. \right\rangle \right. \right. $	
Healthy	Α	Excess Weight in 10 / 11 Year Olds	Chall	$\left\{ \right.$	
Lifestyle	G	Alcohol-Related Admissions	Watch		
Choices	Α	Adult Smoking Prevalence*	Watch	\langle	
	G	Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers*	Improve		
	G	Under 75 Mortality Rate - Circulatory Diseases*	Improve		
3. Good	Α	Incidence of Clostridium Difficile	Chall	$\left. \left\langle \right. \right. \right.$	
	G	Injuries Due to Falls	Chall	\	
Health and	R	Dementia Diagnosis Rate	Chall		
Wellbeing in	G	Feel Supported to Manage Own Condition	Watch		
Older Age	G	Re-ablement Services (Effectiveness)	Watch	\langle	
Older Age	Α	Re-ablement Services (Coverage)	Watch		
	Α	Readmissions to Hospital Within 30 Days	Improve		
4. Strong and Supportive	Α	Suicide Rate*	Chall	$\left. \right\rangle$	
	G	Male Life Expectancy Gap	Chall	\rangle	
	G	Female Life Expectancy Gap	Chall	$\bigg)$	
	G	Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score)*	Watch	/	
	Α	Social Contentedness	Watch	(
Communities	G	Carer Reported Quality of Life	Watch	-	
	Α	Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Learn. Dis.)	Improve		
	G	Stable/Appropriate Accommodation (Mental Hlth)	Improve	/	

RAG Ratings

	J -		
Red	R	Major cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking poor / off-target	
Amber	Α	Possible cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking average / target at risk	
Green	G	No major cause for concern in Devon, benchmarking good / on-target	

Priority Area Summaries

- **1. A Focus on Children and Families** Child poverty levels fell slightly between 2010 and 2011. Recorded levels of child development are above the South West and England averages. Rates of smoking at delivery are falling over time and are amongst the lowest in the South West. Conception rates have fallen over time, particularly in more deprived areas. Admissions for self-harm for under 18s are above the national average.
- **2. Healthy Lifestyle Choices** Higher levels of physical activity are seen in Devon. Levels of excess weight in children are above average at age 4/5 and below average at age 10/11. Devon has relatively low levels of alcohol-related admissions. Adult smoking rates are similar to the national average. Mortality rates are falling.
- **3. Good Health and Wellbeing in Older Age** C-Diff incidence is above South West and national rates. Devon is below South West and national rates for the detection of dementia. Devon has lower levels of injuries due to falls. A higher proportion feel supported to manage their long-term term condition in Devon. Reablement service effectiveness is above average, but recorded coverage is low. Readmission rates are below average, but are increasing over time.
- **4. Strong and Supportive Communities** Suicide rates in Devon are consistent with the national average. There is a smaller gap in life expectancy between the most and least deprived communities in Devon. Self-reported wellbeing in Devon tends to be better than the national average. Lower levels of people reported as much social contact as they would like. Quality of life for carers in Devon was broadly in line with the national average. Devon had lower levels of people with learning disabilities in stable and appropriate accommodation than the national average, and similar rates for people with mental health issues.

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families **Indicator:** Early Years Foundation Score

Period: 2012-13 (School Year) *UPDATED INDICATOR*

ndicator Type		
	Challenge	
	Watching Brief	
	Improvement	

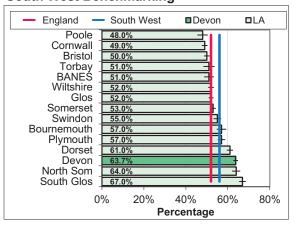
Overview

In 2011-12 63.7% in Devon achieved the expected level in the Early Years Foundation Stage, which was signficantly above the South West (56%), local authority comparator group (53%) and England (52%) rates. Within Devon this varied from 58.7% in Mid Devon to 70.8% in the South Hams. Trend figures cannot current be calculated due to a change in methodology

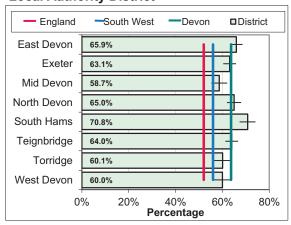
Equalities

The percentage achieved is lower in the more deprived areas in Devon.

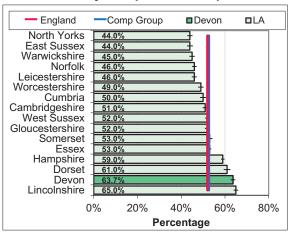
South West Benchmarking



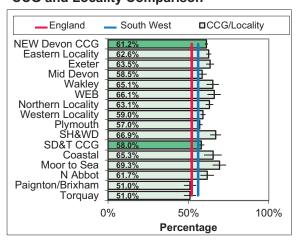
Local Authority District



Local Authority Comparator Group



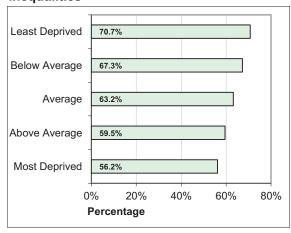
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE DUE TO CHANGE IN INDICATOR METHODOLOGY

Inequalities



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 1: A Focus on Children and Families

Indicator: Early Years Foundation Score

Period: 2012-13 (School Year)

Description level of comparation	nge of Children achieving a Early Years Foundation Score indicating a good
Update Frequency Outcomes Framework Prom 20 at the en level in: - The ea emotiona and; - The ea Chart Notes South West Chart Notes Local Authority Chart Notes Compare compare Error bar Chart Notes Compare compare Error bar Chart Notes Compare compare Compare compare Error bar Chart Notes Compare Compa	levelopment at school entry.
Outcomes Framework Prom 20 at the en level in: The ea emotion and; The ea compare is 95% com Chart Notes Local Authority Chart Notes Compare Compare Error bar Chart Notes Compare	ent for Education (South West Benchmarking, Trend and Local Authority ator Group). Babcock LDP (Local Authority District, Inequalities and CCG / Comparison)
Pramework Not Apple	, 2013-14 school year data due November 2014.
Detailed Specification Chart Notes South West Chart Notes Local Authority Chart Notes Compared compared Error base Chart Notes Compared compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Error base Chart Notes Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Error base Chart Notes Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Compared Error base Chart Notes Chart Notes Compared Comp	icable
Chart Notes Local Authority Chart Notes Compare Compa	13, children will be defined as having reached a 'Good Level of Development' d of the Early Years Foundation Stage if they achieve at least the expected rly learning goals in the prime areas of learning (personal, social and al development: physical development; and communication and language) rly learning goals in the specific areas of mathematics and literacy
Chart Notes Comparator Chart Notes Comparator Compar	es Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar onfidence interval.
Comparator Comparator Comparator Comparator Comparator Comparator Displays their locator CCG/Locality at Lower	es Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is fidence interval.
Chart Notes their local CCG/Locality at Lower	es Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest tor councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours.
Error bai	rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, alities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend Compare	es Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
	es areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.



Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices **Indicator:** Adult Smoking Prevalence

Period: 2012 *UPDATED INDICATOR*

Indicator Type		
	Challenge	
	Watching Brief	
	Improvement	

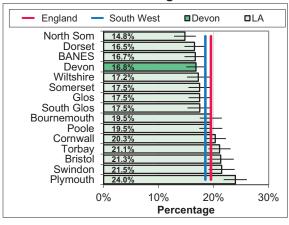
Overview

The latest figures from the Integrated Household Survey suggest that 16.8% of the adult population in Devon smoke. This is below the South West (18.5%), local authority comparator group (18.2%) and England rate (19.5%). This is also below the 2010 (17.7%) and 2011 (19.5%) although the difference is not statistically significant due to a relatively small sample size. Variations observed at a local authority district level were not statistically significant.

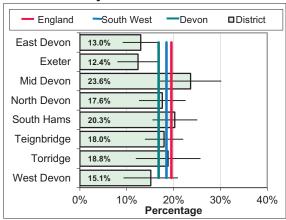
Equalities

Smoking rates in Devon are higher in people working in routine and manual occupations (27.4%). Levels of smoking are highest in the 16 to 29 age group, and are higher in males than females, although it should be noted that rates have been slower to fall in females. Adults smoking in the household greatly increases the likelihood of children taking up smoking at age 16.

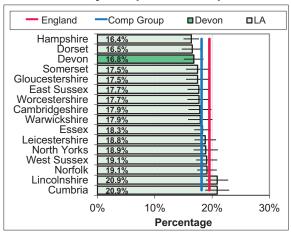
South West Benchmarking



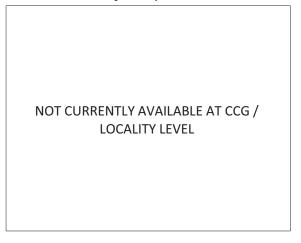
Local Authority District



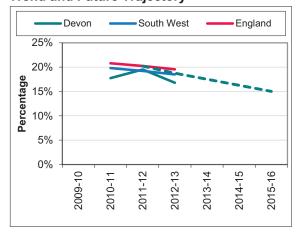
Local Authority Comparator Group



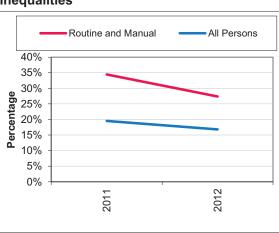
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices **Indicator:** Adult Smoking Prevalence

Period: 2012

Description	Percentage of adults aged 18 and over who smoke
Source	Office for National Statistics Integrated Household Survey. Analysed by DH and published by LHO.
Update Frequency	Annually, next update due late 2014/early 2015
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.14
Detailed Specification	The number of persons aged 18+ who are self-reported smokers in the Integrated Household Survey. The number of respondents has been weighted in order to improve representativeness of the sample. The weights take into account survey design and non-response. Denominator is Total number of respondents (with valid recorded smoking status) aged 18+ in the Integrated Household Survey. The number of respondents has been weighted in order to improve representativeness of the sample. The weights take into account survey design and non-response.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares smoking prevalence in routine and manual occupation groups with the overall prevalence over time.



Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers

Period: 2010-12 *UPDATED INDICATOR*

Indicator Type
Challenge
Watching Brief
Improvement

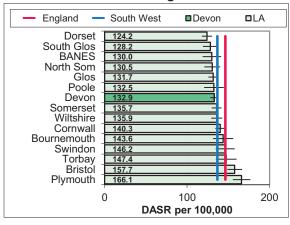
Overview

In 2012, there were 1,058 deaths due to cancer in under 75s, with an direct age standardised rate of 132.9 per 100,000 for 2010-12. The Devon rate in 2010-12 was below the South West (136.8), local authority comparator group (135.2), and England (146.5) rates. Within the county, rates are highest in Exeter (150.4). Mortality rates by year have fallen from 157.2 in 2001-03. Mortality rates are higher in more deprived areas, although the health inequality gap has decreased over the last 10 years.

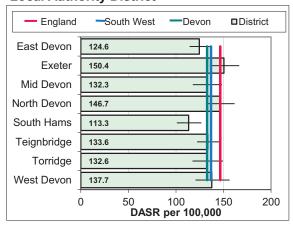
Equalities

Mortality from cancer increases rapidly with age, with the highest mortality rates in under 75s in the 65 to 74 age group. Mortality rates from cancer are around 20% higher in males than females in England. In terms of ethnicity, Cancer Reseach UK suggests higher mortality rates in white groups, although survival rates for breast cancer are lower in Asian and Black ethnic groups.

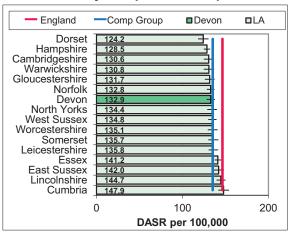
South West Benchmarking



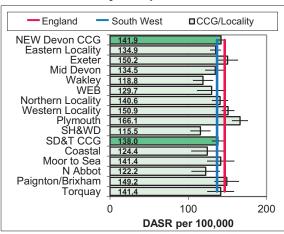
Local Authority District



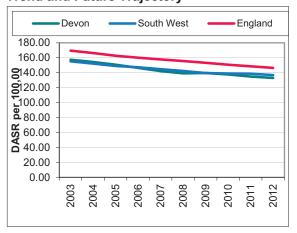
Local Authority Comparator Group



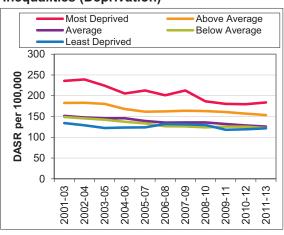
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Cancers

Period: 2010-12

Description	Direct age-standardised rate (DASR) of mortality from all cancers in persons less than 75 years per 100,000 population
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually, nine months in arrears (2013 results due October 2014)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.05i, NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.4
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from all cancers (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD codes C00-C97) registered in the respective calendar years, in people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Population for people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used for this
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

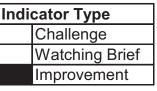


Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Circulatory Diseases

Period: 2010-12 *1

UPDATED INDICATOR



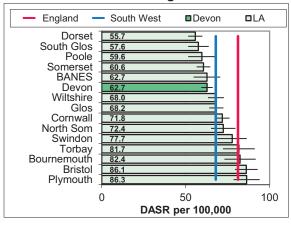
Overview

In 2012, there were 455 circulatory deaths in under 75s, with an direct age standardised rate of 62.7 per 100,000 for 2010-12. The Devon rate in 2010-12 was below the South West (67.9), local authority comparator group (69.0) and England (81.1) rates. Within the county, rates are highest in North Devon. Mortality rates fell from 107.7 in 2001-03. Whilst rates have fallen more quickly in areas of above average deprivation, the gap persisted for those in the most deprived areas.

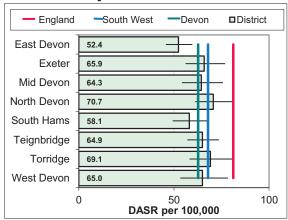
Equalities

Mortality from circulatory disease increases rapidly with age, with the highest mortality rates in under 75s in the 65 to 74 age group, and very few deaths in persons aged under 40. In Devon mortality rates are 2.5 times higher in males than females. In terms of ethnicity, the British Heart Foundation highlight that whilst risks did not vary considerably by ethnic group for females, white males were at higher risk.

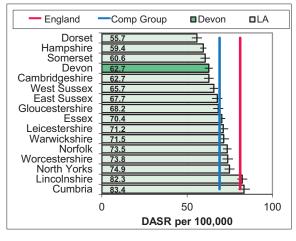
South West Benchmarking



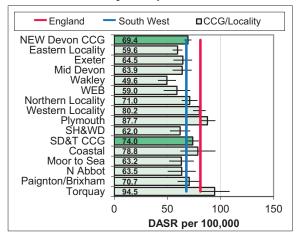
Local Authority District



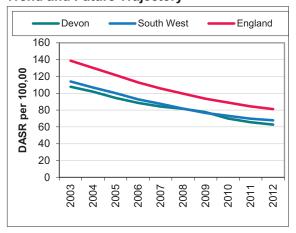
Local Authority Comparator Group



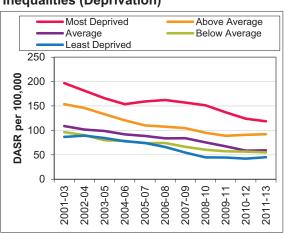
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 2: Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Indicator: Under 75 Mortality Rate - All Circulatory Diseases

Period: 2010-12

Description	Direct age-standardised rate (DASR) of mortality from all cardiovascular diseases (including heart disease and stroke) in persons less than 75 years per 100,000 population.
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually, nine months in arrears (2013 results due October 2014)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.04i, NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 1.1
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from all cardiovascular diseases (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD codes I00-I99) registered in the respective calendar years, in people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Population for people aged under 75, aggregated into quinary age bands. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. The 2013 revision to the European Standard Population has been used for
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Displays rates for the two Clinical Commissioning Groups in the wider Devon area, their localities, and their sub-localities. This is based on the geographic areas defined at Lower Super Output Area level www.devonhealthandwellbeing.org.uk/library/maps . Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Trend	Compares Devon rate with South West region and England over time.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Compares areas within Devon based on area deprivation. National deprivation quintiles from the 2010 Indices of Deprivation (Index of Multiple Deprivation) used.

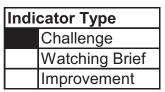


Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Suicide Rate

Period: 2010-12 *

UPDATED INDICATOR



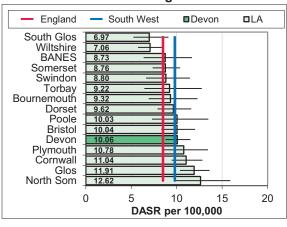
Overview

Around 75 deaths per annum are registered as suicide or injury undetermined (open verdict), with an direct age standardised rate of 10.1 per 100,000. This was above the South West (9.8), local authority comparator group (9.2) and England (8.5) rates. Within the county, rates are similar between districts, with no significantly higher rates. Whilst year-on-year variations are seen due to the small numbers involved, rates in Devon have typically remained around or slightly above the national rate.

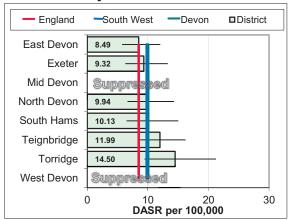
Equalities

There are no significant differences in suicide rates based on area deprivation in Devon. Differences by sex are notable, and tend to be low and stable for females and higher and more variable in males. Suicide rates are highest for people in the 40s and 50s and are relatively low for persons in their teens and 20s.

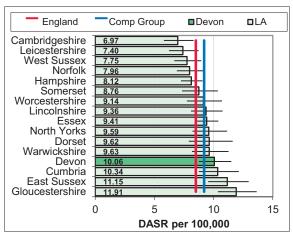
South West Benchmarking



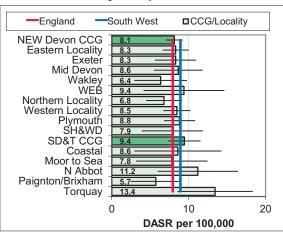
Local Authority District



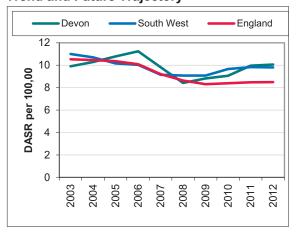
Local Authority Comparator Group



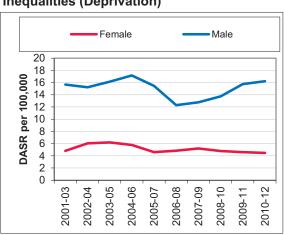
CCG and Locality Comparison



Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities (Deprivation)



INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Suicide Rate

Period: 2010-12

Description	Direct age-standardised mortality rate (DASR) from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population
Source	Office for National Statistics annual death extracts (South West Benchmarking, Local Authority District, Trend and Local Authority Comparator Group). Devon Public Health Intelligence Team (Inequalities and CCG / Locality Comparison)
Update Frequency	Annually, nine months in arrears (2012 results delayed due early 2013)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 4.10
Detailed Specification	Number of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent (classified by underlying cause of death recorded as ICD10 codes X60-X84 (all ages), Y10-Y34 (ages 15+ only) registered in the respective calendar years, aggregated into quinary age bands, with corresponding mid-year population totals. Age specific rates are calculated and multiplied by the standard population for each age group and aggregated to give the age adjusted count of deaths for the area, and divided by the total standard population and multiplied by 100,000 to give the age standardised mortality rate for the area. New 2013 European Standard population used.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Compares Local Authority Districts in the Devon County Council area. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
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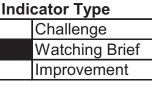


Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Self-Reported Wellbeing (low happiness score %)

Period: 2012-13

UPDATED INDICATOR



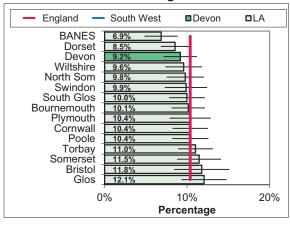
Overview

Low happiness score is one of four self-reported wellbeing measures in the Public Health Outcomes Framework, with others covering life satisfaction, feeling worthwhile and anxiety. Within Devon, 9.2% of the population had a low happiness score (ranked 0-4 on a scale of 10) on the index compared with 10.4% for the South West, 9.4% in the local authority comparator group and 10.4% in England overall.

Equalities

No local information is available based on area deprivation or other characteristics. National findings highlight that self-reported wellbeing tends to be poorer in more deprived areas. There is a notable pattern by age with younger people and older people with higher levels of wellbeing than people in their 40s and 50s (known as the U shaped curve of happiness).

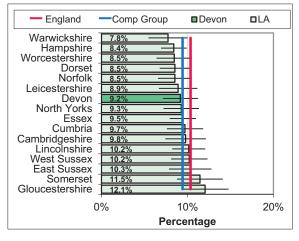
South West Benchmarking



Local Authority District

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

Local Authority Comparator Group



CCG and Locality Comparison

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT CCG / LOCALITY LEVEL

Trend and Future Trajectory



Inequalities

NOT CURRENTLY AVAILABLE AT A LOCAL LEVEL

INDICATOR SPECIFICATION

Priority 4: Strong and Supportive Communities

Indicator: Self-Reported Wellbeing

Period: 2012-13

Description	Self-reported well-being - percentage of people with a low happiness score
Source	Office for National Statistics Integrated Household Survey. Experimental Statistics from 2011 onwards.
Update Frequency	Annually, six to eight months in arrears (2013/14 update due Autumn 2014)
Outcomes Framework	Public Health Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.23iii
Detailed Specification	The percentage of respondents who answered 0-4 to the question "Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?"ONS are currently measuring individual/subjective well-being based on four questions included on the Integrated Household Survey. Responses are given on a scale of 0-10 (where 0 is "not at all happy" and 10 is "completely happy")The first full year data from these questions was published by ONS in July 2012 and are being treated as experimental statistics. In the ONS report, the percentage of people scoring 0-6 and 7-10 have been calculated for this indicator.
Chart Notes South West	Compares Upper Tier / Unitary Local Authorities in the South West Region. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes Local Authority	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level.
Chart Notes Comparator	Compares Devon to similar upper tier / unitary local authorities using the 15 closest comparator councils from the Institute of Public Finance (IPF) statistical neighbours. Error bar is 95% confidence interval.
Chart Notes CCG/Locality	Rates are not currently available at a Clinical Commissioning Group and locality level.
Chart Notes Trend	Trend data not currently available.
Chart Notes Inequalities	Rates cannot currently be calculated at a local level as this is a new survey with no previous trend information available.

